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PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1441, Defendant Law School Admission Council, Inc. ("LSAC") hereby removes to this Court the state court action described below. In support of this Notice of Removal, LSAC states as follows:

- 1. This lawsuit is a civil action within the meaning of the Acts of Congress relating to the removal of cases.
- 2. On or about March 15, 2012, Plaintiff The Department of Fair Employment and Housing ("DFEH" or "Plaintiff") filed its Complaint in the Superior Court of the State of California for the County of Alameda, entitled The Department of Fair Employment and Housing v. Law School Admission Council, Inc., No. RG12621479. On March 26, 2012, LSAC received a copy of the Summons and Complaint together with a Notice of Acknowledgement and Service of Complaint. Because this Notice of Removal is filed within thirty (30) days of receipt of the original Complaint by defendant LSAC, it is timely under 28 U.S.C. § 1446(b)(1).
- Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1446(a), copies of all process, pleadings, and orders 3. served upon LSAC in this action are attached hereto as Exhibit A and incorporated herein by reference.
- 4. This action originally could have been filed in this Court under 28 U.S.C. § 1331, because it arises under the laws of the United States within the meaning of that provision. This action also could have been filed in this Court under 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a), because complete diversity of citizenship exists between the parties and the amount in controversy exceeds the sum or value of \$75,000, exclusive of interest and costs.
- 5. In removing this action, LSAC denies that it has violated any laws and expressly reserves all defenses that it may have to Plaintiff's claims.

I. THE COURT HAS FEDERAL QUESTION JURISDICTION OVER THIS ACTION.

6. Plaintiff's claims in this case are based on LSAC's alleged violations of the federal Americans with Disabilities Act ("ADA"), 42 U.S.C. § 12101 et seq. More specifically, Plaintiff alleges that LSAC violated the ADA in connection with its consideration of requests for testing accommodations by individuals planning to take the Law School Admission Test (the "LSAT"),

and that the alleged ADA violations in turn constitute violations of the California Unruh Act (Cal. Civ. Code § 51 et seq.) and the California Fair Housing and Employment Act ("FEHA") (Cal. Gov. Code § 12900 et seq.). See Complaint ¶¶ 1, 187-216.

- 7. Plaintiff's Complaint asserts five causes of action, each of which is based upon alleged violations of the ADA:
 - a. First Cause of Action: "Unlawful Consideration of Mitigation Measures (42 U.S.C. § 12102(4)(E)(1)(i)(l))"
 - b. Second Cause of Action: "Failure to Ensure that Exam Measures Ability Rather than Disability (42 U.S.C. § 12189 and 28 C.F.R. § 36.309)"
 - c. Third Cause of Action: "Coercion, Intimidation, Threats or Interference with ADA Rights Flagging (42 U.S.C. § 12203)"
 - d. Fourth Cause of Action: "Denial of Reasonable Accommodation (42 U.S.C. § 12189 and 28 C.F.R. § 36.309(b)(1)(iv)"
 - e. Fifth Cause of Action: "Coercion, Intimidation, Threats, or Interference with ADA Rights (42 U.S.C. 12203)"

See Complaint at 28-33.

8. With respect to both its requests for damages and its requests for injunctive relief, Plaintiff's claims arise under federal law. The claims are based upon alleged violations of the ADA and raise substantial questions of federal law. Alternatively, the claims arise under federal law at least to the extent that Plaintiff seeks injunctive relief for its ADA-based Unruh Act and FEHA claims, see Complaint ¶¶ 192, 198, 204, 210, 216, 217-224, thereby giving this Court federal subject matter jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. § 1331; and the Court may exercise supplemental jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367 over Plaintiff's state law claims to the extent they seek compensatory damages for LSAC's alleged ADA-based violations of the Unruh Act and FEHA, see Complaint ¶¶ 190-91, 196-97, 202-03, 208-09, 214-15, 225.

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II. THIS COURT HAS DIVERSITY JURISDICTION OVER THIS ACTION.

- A. Complete Diversity of Citizenship Exists Between The Real Parties in Interest and LSAC.
- 9. Plaintiff DFEH is, and was at the institution of this civil action, an agency of the State of California. "DFEH brings this case on behalf of a group of 17 named individuals," which it identifies as the real parties in interest. Complaint ¶¶ 2, 7. DFEH "also brings this case as a class action, on behalf of: all disabled individuals in the State of California who requested a reasonable accommodation for the Law School Admission Test (LSAT) from January 19, 2009 to February 6, 2012." Complaint ¶ 8 (italics omitted).
- 10. According to the allegations in the Complaint, at the time of the institution of this civil action, all 17 individuals who are identified in the Complaint as real parties in interest were residents of counties in the State of California. *See* Complaint ¶ 58 (John Doe), 67 (Jane Doe), 74 (Peter Roe), 81 (Raymond Banks), 86 (Kevin Collins), 92 (Rodney DeComo-Schmitt), 99 (Andrew Grossman), 105 (Elizabeth Hennessey-Severson), 112 (Otilia Ioan), 119 (Alex Johnson), 126 (Nicholas Jones), 133 (Caroline Lee), 143 (Andrew Quan), 150 (Stephen Semos), 159 (Gazelle Taleshpour), 170 (Kevin Vielbaum), 175 (Austin Whitney). On information and belief, the real parties in interest currently are, and were at the time of the institution of this civil action, all residents and citizens of the State of California.
- 11. Plaintiff alleges that the "harm that is the subject of this complaint occurred throughout the State of California," and that three of the real parties in interest "lived in the County of Alameda" at the time of the actions that are the subject of the Complaint. Complaint ¶ 44.
- 12. Defendant LSAC is, and was at the time of the institution of this civil action, incorporated under the laws of Delaware with its principal place of business in Newtown, Pennsylvania. Accordingly, now and at the time of the institution of this civil action, LSAC is a citizen of Delaware and Pennsylvania, not a citizen of the State of California.
- 13. Thus, complete diversity existed between the real parties in interest and LSAC at the time this civil action was commenced and continues to exist at the time of removal. See

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B. The Amount-In-Controversy Requirement is Satisfied.

14. The matter in controversy in this action exceeds the sum or value of \$75,000, exclusive of interest and costs.

generally Dep't of Fair Employment & Housing v. Lucent Technologies, Inc., 642 F.3d 728 (9th

- 15. Plaintiff alleges that, as a result of LSAC's alleged practices, "real parties have incurred out of pocket losses, including test registration fees and medical bills, in an amount to be proven at trial[,]" Complaint ¶¶ 208, 214, and that "real parties have suffered emotional distress, anxiety, lost opportunity, frustration, humiliation, and loss of dignity and self-esteem, in an amount to be proven at trial[,]" Complaint ¶¶ 209, 215. Plaintiff makes similar allegations with regard to the purported class plaintiffs, which include the real parties in interest. See Complaint ¶¶ 190-91, 196-97, 202-03.
- 16. According to the Plaintiff's website, "[t]here is no limit to the amount of emotional distress damages" that may be awarded under the Fair Employment and Housing Act. See http://www.dfeh.ca.gov/Complaints EmpFAQ.htm.
- 17. With respect to all members of the class, including the real parties in interest, Plaintiff requests "actual damages according to proof for each Unruh Act violation up to a maximum of three times the actual damages, but in no case less than \$4,000 per violation." Complaint ¶ 225.
- 18. Plaintiff also seeks injunctive relief with respect to the real parties in interest; specifically, (a) "free and accommodated testing at the next available testing date in each real party's area, with accommodations as initially requested by that real party," and (b) "a letter to each real party explaining that their LSAT scores used for their law school application during the relevant period may not have provided accurate measures of their acquired reading and verbal reasoning skills, because LSAC did not reasonably accommodate their disabilities." Complaint ¶¶ 217-18.
- Plaintiff also seeks several types of injunctive relief with respect to all members of 19. the class, including the real parties in interest. See Complaint 219-24. The requested injunctive

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for the State of California shall effect the removal of said suit to this Court. Dated: April ______, 2012 FULBRIGHT & JAWORSKI L.L.P. Admission Council, Inc.

DEFENDANT'S NOTICE OF REMOVAL

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ON RECYCLED PAPER

Exhibit A

Exec. Off/Clerk

FILED ALAMEDA COUNTY

NELSON CHAN (#109272) MAR 1 6 2012 Chief Counsel **SUSAN SAYLOR (#154592)** Special Projects Counsel DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT

AND HOUSING (DFEH) 39141 Civic Center Drive, Suite 410

Fremont, CA 94538

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Telephone: (510) 622-2941

Attorneys for the DFEH [Filing fee exempt, Gov. Code, § 6103]

BY FAX

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA

THE DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT) AND HOUSING, an agency of the State of California,

Plaintiff.)

LAW SCHOOL ADMISSION COUNCIL, INC., a Delaware tax exempt corporation, and DOES

VS.

ONE through TEN, inclusive,

Defendants.)

JOHN DOE, JANE DOE, PETER ROE, RAYMOND BANKS, KEVIN COLLINS, RODNEY DECOMO-SCHMITT, ANDREW GROSSMAN, ELIZABETH HENNESSEY-SEVERSON, OTILIA IOAN, ALEX JOHNSON, NICHOLAS JONES, CAROLINE LEE, ANDREW QUAN, STEPHEN SEMOS, GAZELLE TALESHPOUR, KEVIN VIELBAUM, AUSTIN WHITNEY, and all other similarly situated individuals,

Real Parties in Interest.

GROUP AND CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF

[FEHA, Gov. Code, § 12900 et seq. and Unruh Civil Rights Act, Civ. Code, § 51 et seq.]

Jury Trial Demanded

Dept. Fair Empl. & Hous. v. Law School Admission Council, Inc. (Whitney et al.) Group and Class Action Complaint for Damages and Injunctive Relief

Plaintiff DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT AND HOUSING (Department or DFEH) alleges the following against defendant LAW SCHOOL ADMISSION COUNCIL, INC. (LSAC), a Delaware tax exempt Corporation, and DOES ONE through TEN, inclusive:

PARTIES

- T. DFEH is the state agency charged with enforcing the right of all Californians under the Unruh Civil Rights Act (Unruh Act) (Civ. Code, § 51 et seq.) "to the full and equal accommodations, advantages, facilities, privileges, or services in all business establishments of every kind whatsoever." (Civ. Code, § 51, subd. (a).) Government Code section 12948 makes a violation of the Unruh Act a violation of the Fair Housing and Employment Act (FEHA) (Gov. Code, § 12900 et seq.). The FEHA empowers the DFEH to investigate and prosecute Unruh Act claims within the state, including those that adversely affect, in a similar manner, a group or class. (Gov. Code, §§ 12961, 12965.)
- 2. Each real party in interest, John Doe, Jane Doe, Peter Roe, Raymond Banks, Kevin Collins, Rodney Decomo-Schmitt, Andrew Grossman, Elizabeth Hennessey-Severson, Otilia Ioan, Alex Johnson, Nicholas Jones, Caroline Lee, Andrew Quan, Stephen Semos, Gazelle Taleshpour, Kevin Vielbaum, and Austin Whitney, applied to LSAC for reasonable accommodations on the Law School Admissions Test (LSAT) between January 19, 2009 and February 6, 2012. Each real party was denied a reasonable accommodation, either in whole or in part, within this same time frame. At the time of applying for reasonable accommodations, each real party resided in California.
- 3. Real parties in interest John Doe, Jane Doe, and Peter Roe wish to participate in this litigation anonymously. Each real party seeks to retain their privacy interest in the details of their disability and need for accommodation. Each of these real parties has expressed a legitimate fear of negative professional ramifications should their true names be associated with this litigation. A motion requesting the court's permission to proceed under fictitious names for these two real parties is filed concurrently with this complaint.

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(4)

- 4. At all times relevant to this complaint, LSAC was a business establishment as defined by Civil Code section 51, subdivision (b). LSAC offers and administers its LSAT at multiple locations in the State of California several times a year.
- 5. DOES ONE through TEN, inclusive, are sued pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 474. The DFEH is ignorant of the true names or capacities of the defendants sued herein under fictitious names DOES ONE through TEN, inclusive, and will amend this complaint to allege their true names and capacities when the information is ascertained.
- 6. The DFEH is informed and believes and thereon alleges that, at all times mentioned herein, each and every defendant is and was, in doing the things complained of herein, the agent or employee of their co-defendants herein and was acting within the scope of said agency, service, employment, or representation, and that each and every defendant herein is jointly and severally responsible and liable to the real party for the damages hereinafter alleged.

GROUP ACTION ALLEGATIONS

7. The DFEH brings this case on behalf of a group of 17 named individuals.

CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

- 8. Class Definition: The DFEH also brings this case as a class action, on behalf of: all disabled individuals in the State of California who requested a reasonable accommodation for the Law School Admission Test (LSAT) from January 19, 2009 to February 6, 2012. The DFEH alleges that everyone within this class was subjected to LSAC's unlawful policies of discouraging requests for accommodation, requiring excessive documentation, and requesting unlawful information about mitigation measures. Within this class is a subclass of people who took the LSAT with the condition of extended time and were thereafter subjected to discriminatory treatment and retaliation because of this accommodation. These two classes are defined as follows:
- a. <u>Unlawful Discouragement and Consideration of Mitigation Measures</u>: All disabled individuals in the State of California who requested a reasonable accommodation for the LSAT from January 19, 2009 to February 6, 2012.

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	b.	Differential Treatment and Retaliation Against Examinees Granted Extended
Time: All d	lisabled in	dividuals in the State of California who took the LSAT with the accommodation
of extra tim	e from Ja	nuary 19, 2009 to February 6, 2012.

- Class Representative: The Director of the DFEH, with the assistance of the 17 named 9. real parties in interest, will fairly and adequately represent the class. Government Code section 12961 authorizes the Director to pursue this litigation as a class representative. Section 12961 authorizes the DFEH to seek class relief without being certified as the class representative. Nonetheless, this lawsuit meets the criteria for class certification.
- Manageability: Class treatment of this dispute would save time and money by bringing all like claims before this court. For LSAC policies that affect a large group of applicants in a similar fashion, such as subjecting applicants to unlawful inquiries and flagging certain scores, treatment as a class is a superior method of adjudication, as compared to multiple individual suits where each plaintiff would allege an identical harm. Class treatment would neatly aggregate these claims, preventing duplicative litigation and potential inconsistencies in the ultimate findings.
- Numerosity: The class is estimated to include hundreds of LSAT applicants. It would 11. be impracticable to join each of these applicants who requested reasonable accommodation during the three-year time frame and to bring them individually before the court for adjudication. The members of this class are fully ascertainable and there exists a probability that the individual members will ultimately be available to come forward to prove their separate damage-related claims to a portion of the total class recovery, if any.
- Commonality: There exists for the class a well-defined community of interest such 12. that common questions of both law and fact predominate over individual interests or claims.
- Typicality: The class claims raised by the real parties in interest are typical of those 13. held by other members of the class. Each applicant for reasonable accommodation was subject to an unlawful inquiry about mitigation measures, and each test-taker, who was granted extra time, had his or her test score segregated and flagged.

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COURT PAPER State of Cultivaries Stat, 112 Res. 3-66 PELM Autoriales 14. Adequacy of Representation: With the assistance of the real parties in interest, the DEFH will fairly and adequately represent the interests of all members of the class in the adjudication of their similar legal claims.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 15. The DFEH realleges and incorporates by reference each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 14, inclusive, as if fully set forth herein.
- 16. This action arises under the FEHA, specifically Government Code section 12948, which incorporates the Unruh Act into the enforcement structure of the FEHA, giving the DFEH jurisdiction over Unruh Act violations occurring within the state. By virtue of its incorporation into the Unruh Act, a violation of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA) (42 U.S.C. § 12101 et seq.) also constitutes a violation of the Unruh Act. (Civ. Code, § 51, subd. (f).)
- 17. At all times relevant to this complaint, LSAC was a business establishment as defined by Civil Code section 51, subdivision (b). LSAC offers and administers its LSAT at multiple locations in the State of California several times a year.
- 18. At all times relevant to this complaint, real parties in interest John Doe, Jane Doe, Peter Roe, Raymond Banks, Kevin Collins, Rodney Decomo-Schmitt, Andrew Grossman, Elizabeth Hennessey-Severson, Otilia Ioan, Alex Johnson, Nicholas Jones, Caroline Lee, Andrew Quan, Stephen Semos, Gazelle Taleshpour, Kevin Vielbaum, Austin Whitney, and all other similarly situated individuals, were "persons" within the meaning of Government Code section 12925, subdivision (d), and Civil Code section 51, subdivision (b).
- 19. On May 9, 2010, Jane Doe filed a verified complaint of discrimination in writing with the Department pursuant to Government Code section 12960, alleging that LSAC unlawfully denied her full and equal access to the LSAT within the preceding one year, in violation of the FEHA and Unruh Act. A reducted copy of this complaint is attached hereto as Exhibit 1.
- 20. On January 12, 2010, Nicholas Jones filed a verified complaint of discrimination in writing with the Department pursuant to Government Code section 12960, alleging that LSAC unlawfully denied him full and equal access to the LSAT within the preceding one year, in violation

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COURT PAPEA State of Callomia Rid, 113 Rev. 344 of the FEHA and Unruh Act. A true and correct copy of this complaint is attached hereto as Exhibit 2.

- 21. After receiving the complaints of Jane Doe and Mr. Jones, and beginning an investigation into their allegations, the Department came to believe that LSAC's policies and practices toward disabled applicants requesting reasonable accommodation were affecting a larger group or class of applicants in a similar manner.
- 22. On July 22, 2010, the Department issued a document entitled "Notice of Class Action Complaint and Director's Complaint" describing the affected group or class as "all disabled individuals in the State of California who have or will request a reasonable accommodation for the Law School Admission Test (LSAT), administered by the LSAC, and who have or will be unlawfully denied such request from January 19, 2009 to the conclusion of the Department's investigation of this complaint." A redacted copy of this complaint is attached hereto as Exhibit 3.
- 23. During its investigation of the class action and Director's complaint, the DFEH propounded administrative discovery to determine whether other people had been harmed by LSAC's discriminatory practices within the state. The DFEH's efforts to obtain this information from defendant included the filing of a superior court petition to compel LSAC to respond to its discovery requests. Although Government Code section 12960, subdivision (d), provides that the DFEH has one year from the date of the filing of its complaint until the filing of its accusation, this time is extended by the pendency of a court action to enforce administrative discovery. (Gov. Code, § 12963.5, subd. (f).) Therefore, this action is timely filed.
- 24. With the court's assistance, the DFEH was able to discover and notify other persons who were harmed by defendant's discriminatory practices. Some of these people elected to file individual complaints as follows.
- 25. On August 29, 2011, Alex Johnson filed a verified complaint of discrimination in writing with the Department pursuant to Government Code section 12960, alleging that LSAC unlawfully denied him full and equal access to the LSAT within the preceding one year, in violation

of the FEHA and Unruh Act. A true and correct copy of this complaint is attached hereto as Exhibit
4.

- 26. On August 31, 2011, John Doe filed a verified complaint of discrimination in writing with the Department pursuant to Government Code section 12960, alleging that LSAC unlawfully denied him full and equal access to the LSAT within the preceding one year, in violation of the FEHA and Unruh Act. A redacted copy of this complaint is attached hereto as Exhibit 5.
- 27. On September 26, 2011, Elizabeth Hennessey-Severson filed a verified complaint of discrimination in writing with the Department pursuant to Government Code section 12960, alleging that LSAC unlawfully denied her full and equal access to the LSAT within the preceding one year, in violation of the FEHA and Unruh Act. A true and correct copy of this complaint is attached hereto as Exhibit 6.
- On October 3, 2011, Caroline Lee filed a verified complaint of discrimination in writing with the Department pursuant to Government Code section 12960, alleging that LSAC unlawfully denied her full and equal access to the LSAT within the preceding one year, in violation of the FEHA and Unruh Act. A true and correct copy of this complaint is attached hereto as Exhibit 7.
- 29. On October 6, 2011, Raymond Banks filed a verified complaint of discrimination in writing with the Department pursuant to Government Code section 12960, alleging that LSAC unlawfully denied him full and equal access to the LSAT within the preceding one year, in violation of the FEHA and Unruh Act. A true and correct copy of this complaint is attached hereto as Exhibit 8.
- 30. On October 7, 2011, Gazelle Taleshpour filed a verified complaint of discrimination in writing with the Department pursuant to Government Code section 12960, alleging that LSAC unlawfully denied her full and equal access to the LSAT within the preceding one year, in violation of the FBHA and Unruh Act. A true and correct copy of this complaint is attached hereto as Exhibit o



- 31. On October 11, 2011, Peter Roe filed a verified complaint of discrimination in writing with the Department pursuant to section Government Code section 12960, alleging that LSAC unlawfully denied him full and equal access to the LSAT within the preceding one year, in violation of the FEHA and Unruh Act. A redacted copy of this complaint is attached hereto as Exhibit 10.
- 32. On October 11, 2011, Stephen Semos filed a verified complaint of discrimination in writing with the Department pursuant to section Government Code section 12960, alleging that LSAC unlawfully denied him full and equal access to the LSAT within the preceding one year, in violation of the FEHA and Unruh Act. A true and correct copy of this complaint is attached hereto as Exhibit 11.
- 33. On October 14, 2011, Rodney DeComo-Schmitt filed a verified complaint of discrimination in writing with the Department pursuant to Government Code section 12960, alleging that LSAC unlawfully denied him full and equal access to the LSAT within the preceding one year, in violation of the FEHA and Unruh Act. A true and correct copy of this complaint is attached hereto as Exhibit 12.
- 34. On October 17, 2011, Andrew Grossman filed a verified complaint of discrimination in writing with the Department pursuant to Government Code section 12960, alleging that LSAC unlawfully denied him full and equal access to the LSAT within the preceding one year, in violation of the FEHA and Unruh Act. A true and correct copy of this complaint is attached hereto as Exhibit 13.
- 35. On October 19, 2011, Kevin Collins filed a verified complaint of discrimination in writing with the Department pursuant to Government Code section 12960, alleging that LSAC unlawfully denied him full and equal access to the LSAT within the preceding one year, in violation of the FEHA and Unruh Act. A true and correct copy of this complaint is attached hereto as Exhibit 14.
- 36. On October 24, 2011, Otilia loan filed a verified complaint of discrimination in writing with the Department pursuant to Government Code section 12960, alleging that LSAC unlawfully denied him full and equal access to the LSAT within the preceding one year, in violation



CCULIRT PAPER Bute of California Std. 113 Nov. 3-95 FEEM Automoted of the FEHA and Unruh Act. A true and correct copy of this complaint is attached hereto as Exhibit 15.

- 37. On October 28, 2011, Andrew Quan filed a verified complaint of discrimination in writing with the Department pursuant to Government Code section 12960, alleging that LSAC unlawfully denied him full and equal access to the LSAT within the preceding one year, in violation of the FEHA and Unruh Act. A true and correct copy of this complaint is attached hereto as Exhibit 16.
- On October 28, 2011, Austin Whitney filed a verified complaint of discrimination in writing with the Department pursuant to Government Code section 12960, alleging that LSAC unlawfully denied him full and equal access to the LSAT within the preceding one year, in violation of the FEHA and Unruh Act. A true and correct copy of this complaint is attached hereto as Exhibit 17.
- On November 7, 2011, Kevin Vielbaum filed a verified complaint of discrimination in writing with the Department pursuant to Government Code section 12960, alleging that LSAC unlawfully denied him full and equal access to the LSAT within the preceding one year, in violation of the FEHA and Unruh Act. A true and correct copy of this complaint is attached hereto as Exhibit 18.
- 40. On February 6, 2012, the DFEH issued a Group and Class Accusation before the California Fair Employment and Housing Commission (Commission), charging LSAC with violations of the Unruh Act. The Group and Class Accusation was properly served on LSAC by certified mail.
- 41. On February 17, 2012, the DFEH issued a First Amended Group and Class Accusation before the Commission. This accusation was properly served on the LSAC by certified mail.
- 42. Pursuant to Government Code section 12965, subdivision (c)(1), LSAC elected to have this dispute heard in civil court in lieu of a hearing before the Commission, and so notified the Department in writing, on or about February 22, 2012. A true and correct copy of "Respondent's Notice of Transfer of Proceedings to Court" is attached hereto as Exhibit 19.

- 43. The Department has withdrawn its accusation and has timely filed this complaint pursuant to Government Code section 12965, subdivision (c)(2).
- 44. The harm that is the subject of this complaint occurred throughout the State of California. Three of the real parties in interest lived in the County of Alameda at the time that they were denied full and equal accommodations in the testing process.
- 45. The amount of damages sought by this complaint exceeds the minimum jurisdictional limits of this court.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

The Law School Admissions Test (LSAT)

- 46. The LSAT is a half-day, standardized test administered four times each year at designated testing centers throughout the State of California. It purports to provide a standard measure of acquired reading and verbal reasoning skills that law schools use to assess applicants.
- 47. The test consists of five 35-minute sections of multiple-choice questions. A 35-minute writing sample is administered at the end of the test. Defendant does not score the writing sample, but sends it on to the law schools with the scores.
- 48. The LSAT is designed to measure reading and comprehension skills, the ability to organize and manage information, and analytical skills such as evaluation and criticism.
- 49. The three multiple-choice question types in the LSAT are labeled reading comprehension, analytical reasoning, and logical reasoning. All candidates take one additional multiple-choice section, which is experimental.

LSAC Business within the State

- 50. LSAC offers and administers its LSAT at multiple locations in the State of California four times a year, typically at law schools and universities. Applicants pay a test registration fee of \$139 after creating an online account and filling out the online application form. Additional fees charged by LSAC include \$68 for late registration, \$35 to change the test date, and so on.
- LSAC pays local proctors to administer the exam on site. LSAC also pays for accommodations at the site, such as readers or scribes.



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- 52. LSAC offers a Credential Assembly Service to law schools and law school applicants, which streamlines the law school admission process by allowing transcripts, recommendations and evaluations to be sent one time to LSAC. LSAC, in turn, summarizes and combines a law school applicant's LSAT score, writing samples, transcripts, recommendations, and evaluations into a report to an applicant's prospective law schools. The Credential Assembly Service also includes access through an applicant's LSAC account to electronic applications for all ABA-approved law schools. Applicants are charged \$124 to register for the Credential Assembly Service and \$16 for law school reports.
- 53. LSAC provides a series of LSAT preparatory guides, manuals and compilations of sample LSATs for purchase via its Web site, which materials range in price from \$8 to \$39.96. LSAC also sells a guide to ABA-approved law schools for \$26 and a skill readiness inventory for \$29.95.

The LSAC Accommodation Request Process

- 54. LSAC requires candidates requesting a reasonable accommodation to utilize its standard forms and procedures. Applicants making an accommodation request for a so-called cognitive or psychological impairment are required to provide psychoeducational/neuropsychological testing and a full diagnostic report, including comprehensive aptitude and achievement testing.
- 55. LSAC requires each applicant to disclose whether he or she took prescribed medication during the evaluation process and to provide an explanation for any failure or refusal to take the medication.
- 56. LSAC has a policy whereby examinees who complete the LSAT under a disabilityrelated accommodation involving additional test time receive a notation on their score report
 indicating that their exam scores were earned under non-standard time conditions. When reporting
 these LSAT scores to the law schools, defendant advises the schools that these examinees' scores
 "should be interpreted with great sensitivity and flexibility."

 57. In addition, scores from tests taken under extended time conditions are not averaged with other scores to produce a percentile ranking as are other test scores. Instead, extended time scores are reported individually.

John Doe

- 58. John Doe, a resident of Rancho Santa Fe (San Diego County), requested that defendant make accommodations for the December 2010 LSAT at Saddleback College.
- 59. Mr. Doe was diagnosed with attention deficit disorder (ADD) at age 13. In addition, in 2010 he became extremely ill with a bacterial infection and was hospitalized for approximately two months, spending several weeks in the Intensive Care Unit in a medically-induced coma. During this illness he suffered a severe brain edema, which left him with residual neurological impairments.
- 60. Mr. Doe requested time and a half (150 percent) on the multiple choice and writing sections for the December 2010 LSAT.
- 61. In support of his request, Mr. Doe submitted medical documentation verifying his hospitalization, and a complete psychoeducational assessment, which reported multiple diagnoses:

 ADD, a learning disability (spelling), and a "[r]ecent bacterial infection with sustained induced coma and residual impairments."
- 62. LSAC refused to grant Mr. Doe's requested accommodation and instead asked for "a detailed explanation regarding the nature, severity, treatment, and extent of [his] disorder at the present time and it [sic] impact on your ability to take the LSAT."
- 63. Mr. Doe then submitted additional medical documentation indicating that he had "suffered a serious illness and developed marked weaknesses and encephalopathy. He continues to have fatigability and impaired concentration." His doctor recommended that Mr. Doe be granted increased time to complete the LSAT.
- 64. LSAC then demanded that Mr. Doe's psychologist provide "a current update of [his] cognitive status" before making a decision on his accommodation request.
- 65. Mr. Doe and his doctor disputed the need for an updated psychoeducational assessment just three months after the first report was completed. His doctor responded, "I would

reiterate that Mr. Doe's intelligence is much as it was when he was originally seen (10/26/10) and with IQ scores as noted in that report, all within the average range with the exception of Processing Speed (4th percentile)."

66. LSAC granted Mr. Doe nine additional minutes for the multiple choice and writing sample sections (125 percent), with an additional 15 minutes of break time between sections three and four, for the February and June 2011 LSAT.

Jane Doe

- 67. Jane Doe, a resident of Oakland (Alameda County), requested that defendant provide her with reasonable accommodations on each of two administrations of the LSAT examination, one in February 2010 and a second in June 2010.
- 68. Ms. Doe has attention deficit disorder (ADD). Her condition makes it difficult to retain attention and focus, and significantly impairs her ability to conceptually organize and sequence abstract ideas.
- 69. Ms. Doe requested that LSAC accommodate her with time and a half (150 percent) on the multiple choice and writing sample sections of the LSAT.
- 70. In support of her request, Ms. Doe submitted medical documentation, verification that she had received the accommodation of time and a half (150 percent) as an undergraduate university student, and proof that she had received extended time (150 percent) on the Graduate Record Exam (GRE).
- 71. On January 15, 2010, LSAC denied Ms. Doe's accommodation requests, explaining that her documentation did not demonstrate that she had a disability, which affected her ability to take the LSAT.
- 72. Ms. Doe reapplied for accommodations on the June 2010 LSAT, requesting the same accommodation of time and a half (150 percent) on the multiple choice and writing sample sections.
- 73. LSAC also denied this request. When Ms. Doe asked for an explanation for the denial, defendant replied in writing that it was "not obligated to provide accommodations that are not warranted or supported by the documentation."



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Peter Roe

- 74. Peter Roe, a resident of San Jose (Santa Clara County), requested that defendant make accommodations for the September 2009 LSAT at California State University, East Bay.
- 75. Mr. Roe has reading and math disorders, characterized by impaired auditory attention span and low visuomotor processing speed. These learning disorders substantially impact his ability to process written material, particularly under timed conditions.
- 76. Mr. Roe requested 20 extra minutes for the multiple choice sections and 30 extra minutes for the writing sample section of the LSAT. He also requested a reader and permission to use a computer dictation program.
- 77. In support of his request, Mr. Roe submitted a neuropsychological evaluation documenting his learning disabilities.
- 78. LSAC denied Mr. Roe any accommodation, noting that he had neglected to submit a "timed reading comprehension measure" in conformance with LSAC's guidelines, he had no history of educational accommodation, and his test results demonstrated an "average range of functioning."
- 79. Mr. Roe requested reconsideration of LSAC's denial, submitting the results of an additional reading comprehension test that documented Mr. Roe's reading problems and recommended that he receive an accommodation of time and a half (150 percent).
 - 80. After reconsideration, LSAC stood by its previous decision to deny accommodation.

Raymond Banks

- 81. Raymond Banks, a resident of San Francisco (County of San Francisco), requested that defendant make accommodations for the February 2011 LSAT at San Francisco State University.
- 82. Mr. Banks had a longstanding and severe injury to his shoulder muscle. As a result of this injury, Banks suffered from nerve damage, carpal tunnel syndrome, and chronic pain, all of which limited his ability to write.
- 83. Mr. Banks requested five additional minutes to complete each multiple-choice test section of the LSAT, 10 additional minutes on the writing sample section, five-minute breaks between each test section, a large table to write on, and permission to wear a splint on his wrist.

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84.	Real party Banks submitted medical documentation in support of his request, as well
as proof that b	e had received accommodation as a student at the University of California, Berkeley
for time and a	half (150 percent) on all exams and quizzes.

85. LSAC denied all of Mr. Banks' requests, other than permitting him to wear a hand splint "as a courtesy." When Mr. Banks asked LSAC for an explanation of the denial, LSAC responded in writing that "[t]he documentation provided did not support your request for the additional accommodations you requested."

Kevin Collins

- 86. Kevin Collins, a resident of Woodland Hills (Los Angeles County), requested that defendant make accommodations for the February 2011 LSAT at California State University, Northridge.
- 87. Mr. Collins suffers from two learning disorders: disorder of written expression and a reading disorder. He has perceptual-organizational impairments, making it significantly more difficult for him to process simple or routine visual material without making errors, as compared to his peers.
- 88. Collins requested the accommodations of double time on multiple choice and writing sample sections of the LSAT, permission to use a computer and printer for the writing sample, and an alternative, non-Scantron answer sheet.
- 89. In support of his request, Collins submitted proof that he had received time and a half (150 percent) on the GRE and for exams at Claremont Graduate University. He also submitted a full psychoeducational assessment report as requested by LSAC's guidelines.
- 90. Defendant's first response was to ask for additional information and inform Collins that the deadline had passed for the February 2011 LSAT. Later, after Collins had submitted the requested information and requested consideration for the June exam, defendant granted him the accommodations of time and a half (150 percent) for the multiple choice and writing sample sections, rather than the double time that he had requested. The rest of his requested accommodations was granted.

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COURT PAPER Diaso of California See, 113 Rev. 3-95 FEb.1 Automoted 91. Collins asked LSAC to reconsider its decision to deny him double time. LSAC stood by its previous decision that time and a half was appropriate.

Rodney DeComo-Schmitt

- Rodney DeComo-Schmitt, a resident of Marin County, requested that defendant make
 accommodations for the October 2010 LSAT offered at Sonoma State University.
- 93. Mr. DeComo-Schmitt suffers from a reading disorder, causing a significant discrepancy between his verbal abilities and his visual-spatial abilities, especially under timed conditions.
- 94. Mr. DeComo-Schmitt requested time and a half (150 percent) on the multiple-choice sections of the exam, extra rest and break time, and permission to use a computer for the writing sample.
- 95. In support of his request, Mr. DeComo-Schmitt submitted a thorough psychoeducational assessment and proof that he had received time and a half (150 percent) on his SAT exam.
- 96. LSAC at first refused to consider Mr. DeComo-Schmitt's request for reconsideration, asserting that it had been submitted past the deadline for the October 2010 exam. Later, LSAC denied any accommodation to Mr. DeComo-Schmitt for the December 2010 exam, asserting that the documentation he had submitted did not demonstrate a limitation of a major life activity which affected his ability to take the LSAT.
- 97. Mr. DeComo-Schmitt requested reconsideration of LSAC's decision, submitting a letter from his psychologist contending that LSAC had misinterpreted the psychological testing.
- 98. LSAC stood by its denial of accommodation, informing Mr. DeComo-Schmitt that he was registered for the December 2010 LSAT as a standard test taker.

Andrew Grossman

99. Andrew Grossman, a Saratoga resident (Santa Clara County), requested that defendant make accommodations for the December 2010 LSAT offered at Santa Clara University.

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	100.	As a child, Andrew Grossman was in a car accident and suffered a traumatic brain
njury,	which:	significantly impacted his cognitive abilities, memory, and attention. At the time that h
applied	for the	LSAT, Andrew Grossman had been diagnosed with a reading disorder and a learning
disord	er (weal	k short-term auditory memory).

- 101. Andrew Grossman requested that defendant accommodate him by granting double time on the multiple choice and writing sample sections of the LSAT, and additional break and rest time.
- 102. In support of his request, Andrew Grossman submitted a complete psychoeducational assessment documenting his disability and need for accommodation, copies of an Individualized Educational Plan (IEP) from his high school showing that he had received extended time on tests, and proof that he had received accommodation for the SAT.
- 103. On October 18, 2012, LSAC notified Andrew Grossman that it would provide him with time and a half (150 percent) for the multiple choice and writing sample sections of the LSAT, instead of the double time that he had requested. LSAC did approve the extra rest and break time, explaining that it had fully considered the materials that Andrew Grossman had submitted, but "it is our judgment that the alternative accommodations you have been granted are appropriate and reasonable for your documented disability."
- 104. With the assistance of his psychologist, Andrew Grossman asked LSAC to reconsider its decision to deny him double time. LSAC replied that it was too late to reconsider any decision related to the December 2010 test.

Elizabeth Hennessey-Severson

- 105. Elizabeth Hennessey-Severson, a resident of San Francisco (San Francisco County), requested that defendant make accommodations for the June 2011 LSAT at University of California, Hastings College of the Law.
- 106. Ms. Hennessey-Severson has reading, written expression and mathematics disorders, and ADHD. These conditions impair her working memory and her ability to plan, organize, and devote sustained attention to language-based tasks, particularly reading.

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	107.	Ms. Hennessey-Severson requested that LSAC accommodate her on the LSAT with
ninin	num of t	ime and a half (150 percent) extra testing time, and by allowing her short breaks of 10
o15 r	ninutes	between sections of the exam.

- 108. In support of her request, Ms. Hennessey-Severson submitted psychoeducational assessment reports from 2002 and 2009. She also submitted proof that she had been accommodated with time and a half (150 percent) on the SAT, and while she was a student at Dartmouth College.
- 109. Defendant denied all of Ms. Hennessey-Severson's requests for accommodation, contending that she scored in the "very superior" and "high average" range in her psychoeducational testing, and that her 2002 evaluation noted that she demonstrated a remarkable ability to compensate for her learning disabilities, such that she was able to take honors courses and play high school sports.
- 110. Ms. Hennessey-Severson and her psychologist requested that LSAC reconsider its decision to deny accommodation. Her psychologist wrote: "It is my professional opinion based on all available evidence including comprehensive history, diagnostic interview, well established history of early diagnosis, remediation, and later accommodations throughout high school and college, that Ms. Hennessey has a standard learning disability that has a substantial impact on a major life function, namely, her ability to read, write, and calculate efficiently, and that extended time for formal testing is a reasonable accommodation for her disability."
- 111. After reconsideration, LSAC stood by its prior decision to deny Ms. Hennessey-Severson any accommodation.

Otilia Ioan

- 112. Otilia Ioan, a resident of San Jose (Santa Clara County), requested accommodation for the December 2010 LSAT offered at Santa Clara University.
- 113. Ms. Ioan is quadriplegic. She is paralyzed in all four limbs and is unable to physically write without using a brace.
- 114. Ms. Ioan requested that LSAC provide her with double time on all sections of the test, an alternate answer sheet, the use of a scribe, and an additional break of 30 minutes between sections 3 and 4 of the test.



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115.	In support of her request, Ms. Ioan submitted verification that she had received the
ccommodatio	on of double time on tests while a student at De Anza College, and double time when
aking the GR	E.

- 116. LSAC asked Ms. loan to submit additional information from her doctor before it could consider her request for accommodation. LSAC wrote: "Your evaluator needs to provide detailed information regarding the nature, extent, severity, and treatment of your disorder and its functional limitation on your ability to take the LSAT," defendant wrote.
 - 117. Ms. Ioan's doctor supplied the additional information that LSAC requested.
- 118. Ms. Ioan wrote to LSAC requesting reconsideration of its decision to deny her double testing time. LSAC stood by its previous decision.

Alex Johnson

- 119. Alex Johnson, a resident of Lake San Marcos (San Diego County), requested accommodations for the October 2010 LSAT offered at the University of Southern California.
- 120. Mr. Johnson is quadriplegic. He is unable to write or turn pages because his fingers are paralyzed. He is unable to draw diagrams, underline text, or use a standard Scantron answer sheet.
- 121. Mr. Johnson requested 15 minutes of extra break time between each section of the LSAT, and 120 additional minutes (more than triple time) on the multiple choice and writing sample sections.
- 122. In support of his request, Mr. Johnson submitted medical documentation of his condition and need for accommodation, as well as verification from the University of Southern California that he had received double time on his exams while a student there.
- 123. At first, LSAC refused to consider Mr. Johnson's accommodation request, because he was not registered to take the LSAT. Later, it granted Mr. Johnson time and a half (150 percent) on the multiple choice and writing sample sections, and 10 minutes of break time between each section. It agreed to provide Mr. Johnson with a scribe, and permitted him to use a computer for the writing sample.

	124.	Mr. Johnson requested that LSAC reconsider his request for double time. Hi	s docto
wrote,	"Doubl	e time is the least amount of time I should be allocated. It is also very hard to	use a
cribe	because	of time limitations."	•

125. LSAC responded that it did not offer an untimed test, and that the documentation submitted did not support Johnson's request.

Nicholas Jones

- 126. Nicholas Jones, a resident of Palm Desert (Riverside County), requested that defendant provide him with an accommodation for the December 2009 LSAT offered at the University of Laverne (Ontario).
- 127. Mr. Jones suffers from two distinct eye conditions. First, he has amblyopia or "lazy eye" in his left eye, which impairs his visual processing. Second, he has posterior vitreous detachments in his right eye, meaning that he has persistent floaters or spots, which obstruct his field of vision. These conditions together impair Mr. Jones' reading speed and ability.
- 128. Mr. Jones requested time and a half (150 percent) on the multiple choice and writing sample sections of the exam and five-minute breaks between each section.
- 129. In support of his request, Mr. Jones submitted medical forms filled out by his doctor, an eye specialist.
- 130. LSAC refused to provide any accommodation to Mr. Jones, informing him that "[t]he documentation provided did not reflect an impairment related to taking the Law School Admission Test."
- 131. Mr. Jones requested that LSAC reconsider its decision denying him accommodations, and asked it to provide further explanation. Mr. Jones' doctor wrote a letter supporting his request for reconsideration, asserting that Jones' eye condition "substantially limits him in at least one major life activity, reading."
 - 132. After reconsideration, defendant stood by its prior decision to deny accommodation.



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Caroline Lee

- 133. Caroline Lee, a resident of Oakland (Alameda County), requested that defendant make accommodations for the December 2010 LSAT offered in the City of Oakland.
- 134. Ms. Lee suffers from ADHD and a reading disorder, causing her reading to be labored and excessively slow, and impairing her short-term memory.
- 135. Ms. Lee requested time and a half (150 percent) on the LSAT multiple choice and writing sample, as well as extended breaks during the exam, a quiet testing environment, and the use of a laptop to compose all written work.
- 136. In support of her request, Ms. Lee submitted proof that she had received extended testing time of 150 percent while a student at City College of San Francisco (CCSF) and that she had taken the SAT and ACT with accommodations. She also submitted a psychoeducational assessment that had been performed while she was a student at CCSF.
- 137. LSAC replied in writing to Ms. Lee that she needed to submit additional documentation in order for her request to be considered, asking for: "[t]esting results and a full diagnostic report from a comprehensive up-to-date psychoeducational/neuropsychological assessment that comply with the Law School Admissions Council, Inc. Guidelines for Documentation of Cognitive Impairments."
- 138. Ms. Lee then obtained and submitted a full psychoeducational evaluation in February 2011, which documented her ADHD and reading disorder. Her psychologist recommended that she receive 150 percent extended time, as well as the other previously requested accommodations.
- 139. LSAC then requested that Ms. Lcc submit several additional documents and reports.

 Ms. Lee did so.
- 140. In April 2011, defendant denied all of Ms. Lee's requested accommodations, informing her that: her performance on academic measures was commensurate with her ability, negating a finding of impairment; her documentation failed to support the diagnosis of an attention disorder; and her request for additional time on the writing sample was not considered because her psychologist had not administered the right tests.

- 141. Ms. Lee requested that LSAC reconsider its denial of accommodation. This request was accompanied by a letter from her psychologist, who contended that LSAC had misinterpreted the psychoeducational assessment.
 - 142. After reconsideration, LSAC stood by its initial decision to deny accommodations.

Andrew Ouan

- 143. Andrew Quan, a resident of Hayward (Alameda County), requested accommodation for the October 2011 LSAT offered at the University of California, Santa Cruz.
- 144. Mr. Quan has ADHD, a visual-motor integration deficit with slow processing speed, hypotonia, and dysgraphia.
- 145. Mr. Quan requested that LSAC provide him with the accommodations of double time on the multiple choice and writing sample portions of the exam, 10-minute breaks between each section of the test, and the use of a computer for the writing sample.
- 146. In support of his request, Mr. Quan submitted to LSAC proof that he had been accommodated with the use of a computer on his ACT exams. He also submitted a 2008 psychoeducational assessment from high school, showing that Mr. Quan suffered from "significant deficits in visual-motor integration and fine motor skills." Included within that assessment was a 2008 IEP documenting dysgraphia, attention deficit, visual processing, and sensory motor skills disorders which qualified him for special educational services, the use of a laptop computer, a scribe, and extra examination time.
- 147. LSAC requested that Mr. Quan provide further documentation to support his request, including "testing results and a full diagnostic report from a comprehensive up-to-date psychoeducational/neuropsychological assessment that comply with [LSAC Guidelines]."
- 148. Mr. Quan contested LSAC's need for additional documentation, asserting that it was unnecessary, unaffordable, and burdensome.
- 149. LSAC responded that if Mr. Quan wanted any accommodation in the future, he would need to submit "substantive documentation to support your request for your hypotonia/dysgraphia disorders."



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Stephen Semos

- 150. Stephen Semos, a resident of Rancho Palos Verdes (Los Angeles County), requested that defendant make accommodations for the December 2010 LSAT at Whittier Law School (Costa Mesa).
- 151. Mr. Semos has ADHD and daygraphia, which significantly impair his reading, writing, organization, and general academic performance.
- 152. Mr. Semos requested time and a half (150 percent) on both the multiple-choice and writing sample portions of the exam, additional break time of five to eight minutes.
- 153. In support of his request, Mr. Semos submitted proof that he had received: accommodations on the SAT; an IEP from the Palos Verdes Peninsula Unified School District identifying Mr. Semos as learning disabled; a letter verifying that he had received accommodations while a student at the University of California, Irvine, of time and a half (150 percent) on tests; and a complete psychoeducational assessment by his doctor, a neuropsychologist.
- 154. LSAC's first response was to ask Mr. Semos to provide additional documentation in order to consider his accommodation request, including a full report of two particular tests for cognitive disabilities, the Nelson-Denny Reading Test (NDRT) and the Conner's Continuous Performance Test-II. LSAC also informed Mr. Semos that the deadline for the December 2010 LSAT had passed, but that he could request accommodation for future exams.
 - 155. Mr. Semos then submitted his documentation for the February 2011 LSAT.
- 156. In response, LSAC denied all of Mr. Semos' requests for accommodation on the basis that his test scores were generally commensurate with his abilities and thus did not demonstrate a learning disability.
- 157. Mr. Semos' neuropsychologist requested that LSAC reconsider its denial. Mr. Semos' doctor wrote: "Your denial letter written to Mr. Semos selectively highlighted the above average scores and thereby masked the patterns of deficits in processing speed and fine motor speed noted in my neuropsychological report."

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Gazelle Taleshpour

- 159. Gazelle Taleshpour, a resident of San Diego (San Diego County), requested that defendant make accommodations for the October 2010 LSAT offered at the University of San Diego.
- 160. Ms. Taleshpour has ADHD. She also suffers from osteopenia (bone loss) and chronic pain in her neck and back as a result of treatment she had received for leukemia, a bone marrow transplant, radiation, and chemotherapy.
- 161. Ms. Taleshpour requested that LSAC accommodate her with 30 extra minutes on the multiple choice and writing sample portions of the exam, breaks of two to five minutes every half hour so that she could stretch and alleviate pain, a high table, and a comfortable chair.
- 162. In support of her request, Ms. Taleshpour submitted documentation from her treating medical doctor, her chiropractor, and her psychologist. She also provided LSAC with verification that she had received time and a half (150 percent) on all tests and exams while a student at the University of San Diego.
- 163. LSAC requested that Ms. Taleshpour provide additional documentation in support of her accommodation request, including "[t]esting results and a full diagnostic report from a psychoeducational/neuropsychological assessment that comply with Guidelines for Documentation of Cognitive Impairments."
- 164. Ms. Taleshpour obtained and submitted the additional documentation that LSAC requested. Her psychiatrist performed a full psychoeducational assessment, which diagnosed her with ADHD, a reading disorder, and a learning disability (dyslexia). Her psychiatrist supported Ms. Taleshpour's request for double time and other accommodations.
- 165. LSAC only partially granted Ms. Taleshpour's request for accommodation, allowing her to sit or stand at a podium while taking the exam, and to bring a seat cushion or an adjustable chair.

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166	. Ms. Taleshpour then resubmitted a request for accommodation for the December 20)1
LSAT: dou	ble time on multiple choice and writing sample; an alternate, non-Scantron answer shee	;t;
use of a rea	der; an additional 15 minutes of rest time; and 15-minute breaks between sections.	

- 167. LSAC denied the request for additional accommodations beyond the two it had already granted, explaining to Ms. Taleshpour that her intelligence test scores were average and commensurate with her ability, meaning that no cognitive disability was apparent.
- 168. Ms. Taleshpour requested that LSAC reconsider its denial of accommodation for extra time. Her psychologist supported the reconsideration request, contending that LSAC failed to recognize significant discrepancies in her reading speed and comprehension. "These significant difficulties provide psychometric evidence of the presence of a Learning Disability as described by the ADA," he wrote.
- 169. LSAC stood by its prior decision to limit the accommodations made for Ms.

 Taleshpour: permission to sit or stand with a podium and to bring a seat cushion or an adjustable chair.

Kevin Vielbaum

- 170. Kevin Vielbaum, a resident of San Mateo (San Mateo County), requested that defendant make accommodations for him in taking the June 2011 LSAT at the University of California, Hastings College of the Law.
- 171. Mr. Vielbaum has a reading disorder (dyslexia), characterized by a significant difficulties with perceptual reasoning, working memory, and cognitive processing speed.
- 172. Mr. Vielbaum requested that defendant accommodate him with time and a half (150 percent) on the multiple choice section of the LSAT, double time on the writing sample, and permission to use a computer for the writing sample.
- 173. In support of his request, Mr. Vielbaum submitted extensive records from his primary education at a special school for students with dyslexia, where he was granted accommodations of extended time and the use of a laptop and calculator.

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174. LSAC granted Mr. Vielbaum only the accommodation of using a computer, printer and spell check for the writing sample. LSAC denied the accommodation of extra time, noting that Mr. Vielbaum had not requested accommodation on the SAT, and that he had scored well on the tests involved in his psychoeducational assessment. Defendant went on to explain that: "[y]our evaluator notes you have difficulties with logical reasoning. Inasmuch as the Law School Admission Test is designed to measure these skills, the accommodations requested (extended time on all examinations that involve the solving of logic problems), would not be appropriate."

Austin Whitney

- 175. Austin Whitney, a resident of Contra Costa County, first requested accommodations for the September 2009 LSAT offered at San Diego State University.
 - 176. Mr. Whitney is paraplegic due to a spinal cord injury in 2007.
- 177. Mr. Whitney requested that defendant accommodate his disability with time and a half (150 percent) on the multiple choice and writing sample sections of the LSAT, and a wheelchair accessible testing location.
- 178. In support of his request, Mr. Whitney submitted medical records pertaining to his 2007 injury, verification from the University of California at Berkeley that he had received time and a half (150 percent) for all exams and quizzes during his undergraduate studies, and a form filled out by his doctor indicating that, because of his injury and surgeries, he suffered from "severe chronic pain and radiating radicular nerve pain" for which Whitney took prescription medication that caused drowsiness.
- 179. LSAC responded that Mr. Whitney's request for accommodation had been submitted too late for the September 2009 test, and therefore he was registered as a standard test taker.
- 180. Mr. Whitney next requested accommodations for the June 2010 LSAT offered in Berkeley at the California Ballroom. This time he requested that LSAC accommodate him with five-minute breaks between sections, in addition to providing time and a half (150 percent) on the multiple choice and writing sample sections and a wheelchair accessible testing site.



181.	In support of this request, Mr. Whitney submitted medical forms from four different
doctors, cach o	f whom supported his need for extra testing time. Dr. Larry Snyder explained:
"Patient has sig	inificant fatigue due to medications taken for previous spinal injury - this will affect
his performanc	e in TIMED conditions." Dr. Carol Jessop wrote that, due to Mr. Whitney's spinal
cord injury with	h chronic, nueropathic pain, he needed extra time to compensate for the effects of the
pain medication	n which cause fatigue. Dr. Jessop explained: "This is a significant problem for Austin
Whitney as he	is taking medications that cause him to be sleepy and fatigued. This drowsiness
makes him slov	wer in his response to test questions. If an exam has a time limit, he will definitely
need extra time	to complete it."

- 182. LSAC then granted Mr. Whitney the extra break time that he requested, and agreed to provide a wheelchair accessible testing site, but denied his request for extra testing time. "If you choose to have your cognitive disorder (alluded to by Carol Jessop, MD) considered," defendant wrote, "you must provide a current psychoeducational/neuropsychological assessment or neuropsychological evaluation as per our Guidelines for Documentation of Cognitive Impairments."
- 183. Mr. Whitney asked defendant to reconsider its decision to deny additional testing time, and three of his doctors wrote to LSAC in support of his request.
- a. Dr. Snyder wrote, "His pain and spacticity are a constant distraction and put him at a significant disadvantage as a test taker. In addition, the medication he is taking causes significant fatigue and makes it difficult to concentrate. The medication side effects do not impair cognition but can slow processing speed. For these reasons, he should be afforded extra time when taking this standardized test."
- b. Dr. Jessop wrote, "I would like to emphasize that the nature of Mr. Whitney's condition is physiological (pain issues) and NOT cognitive or due to a learning disorder. Our request for extra time on the exam is based solely on physiological effects of chronic, severe neuropathic pain, and the fatiguing side effects of pharmaceutical pain killers. Thus, because he doesn't have a learning disability, I feel strongly that neuropsychological or psychoeducational testing would be irrelevant in his case."

	c.	Dr. Hedelman wrote, "Patient's significant impacts on concentration, reading
writing, abil	lity to a	ttend class is secondary to his unpredictable, severe neuropathic pain and the
associated p	ain ma	nagement medications. Patient does not have an underlying cognitive impairmen
equiring ne	uronsy	ch[ological] testing."

- 184. LSAC refused to reconsider its decision, responding: "We have no objective evidence to support Dr. Carol Jessop, MD's conclusion that your thought processes are not as fast as they could be without medication."
- 185. In 2011, at LSAC's behest, Mr. Whitney was evaluated by a psychologist, who determined that he required double time on examinations due to the effect that his pain medication was having on his cognitive abilities.
- 186. In response to a second accommodation request by Mr. Whitney with the psychologist's report as supporting documentation, LSAC awarded him 10 additional minutes on each section of the exam. LSAC provided no rationale for denying his request for double time.

FIRST CLASS CAUSE OF ACTION

Uniawful Consideration of Mitigation Measures

(42 U.S.C. § 12102(4)(E)(1)(i)(I))

- 187. The DFEH realleges and incorporates by reference each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 186, inclusive, as if fully set forth herein.
- 188. The ADA, 42 U.S.C. § 12102(4)(E)(1)(i)(I), requires that "any determination of whether an impairment substantially limits a major life activity shall be made without regard to the ameliorative effects of mitigating measures such as medication." The ADA is incorporated into the Unruh Act by Civil Code section 51, subdivision (f).
- 189. By requiring applicants to take the medication prescribed for their disabilities while being evaluated for accommodations or explain their failure or refusal to do so, LSAC violates the rights of class members under the FEHA, Unruh Act, and ADA,

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	190.	As a direct result of the unlawful practices of defendants as alleged herein, class
nemb	ers have	e incurred out of pocket losses, including test registration fees and medical bills, in an
mou	nt to be	proven at trial.

- 191. As a further and direct result of the unlawful practices of defendants as alleged herein, class members have suffered emotional distress, anxiety, lost opportunity, frustration, humiliation, and loss of dignity and self-esteem, in an amount to be proven at trial.
- demonstrated that they will continue to engage in, the pattern and practice of unlawful discrimination described herein unless and until they are enjoined, pursuant to the police power granted by Government Code sections 12920 and 12920.5, and pursuant to section 12974, from failing or refusing to comply with the mandates of the FEHA, Unruh Act, and the ADA. Unless and until defendants are enjoined from failing or refusing to comply with the mandates of these laws, class members' right to full and equal access to places of public accommodation will continue to be violated. Plaintiff lacks any plain, speedy, adequate remedy at law to prevent such harm, injury and loss, which will continue until the court enjoins the complained of unlawful conduct and grants other affirmative relief as prayed for herein.

SECOND CLASS CAUSE OF ACTION

Failure to Ensure that Exam Measures Ability Rather than Disability (42 U.S.C. § 12189 and 28 C.F.R. § 36.309)

- 193. The DFEH realleges and incorporates by reference each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 186, inclusive, as if fully set forth herein.
- 194. The ADA requires that any person offering examinations related to post-secondary education or profession "shall offer such examinations or courses in a place and manner accessible to persons with disabilities." (42 U.S.C. § 12189.) Regulations interpreting this section impose an obligation on the entity offering such an examination that "[t]he examination is selected and administered so as to best ensure that, when the examination is administered to an individual with a disability that impairs sensory, manual, or speaking skills, the examination results accurately reflect

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the individual's aptitude or achievement level or whatever other factor the examination purports to measure, rather than reflecting the individual's impaired sensory, manual, or speaking skills." (28 C.F.R. § 36.309.)

- 195. By adhering to a blanket policy of annotating scores taken under extended time conditions, defendant is communicating to law schools that it does not know whether or not the applicants' exam results accurately reflect aptitude or achievement. Therefore, LSAC is breaching its duty under the FEHA, Unruh Act, and ADA to ensure that the examination results accurately reflect the individual's aptitude or achievement level. (28 C.F.R. § 36.309(b)(1)(i).)
- 196. As a direct result of the unlawful practices of defendants as alleged herein, class members have incurred out of pocket losses, including test registration fees and medical bills, in an amount to be proven at trial.
- 197. As a further and direct result of the unlawful practices of defendants as alleged herein, class members have suffered emotional distress, anxiety, lost opportunity, frustration, humiliation, and loss of dignity and self-esteem, in an amount to be proven at trial.
- Defendants have engaged in, and by their refusal to comply with the law, have demonstrated that they will continue to engage in, the pattern and practice of unlawful discrimination described herein unless and until they are enjoined, pursuant to the police power granted by Government Code sections 12920 and 12920.5, and pursuant to section 12974, from failing or refusing to comply with the mandates of the FEHA, Unruh Act, and the ADA. Unless and until defendants are enjoined from failing or refusing to comply with the mandates of these laws, class members' right to full and equal access to places of public accommodation will continue to be violated. Plaintiff lacks any plain, speedy, adequate remedy at law to prevent such harm, injury and loss, which will continue until the court enjoins the complained of unlawful conduct and grants other affirmative relief as prayed for herein.

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THIRD CLASS CAUSE OF ACTION

Coercion, Intimidation, Threats, or Interference with ADA Rights - Flagging (42 U.S.C. § 12203)

- 199. The DFEH realleges and incorporates by reference each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 186, inclusive, as if fully set forth herein.
- 200. The ADA makes it unlawful to "coerce, intimidate, threaten, or interfere with any individual in the exercise or enjoyment of, or on account of his or her having exercised or enjoyed, any right granted or protected by this Act." (42 U.S.C. § 12203.)
- 201. LSAC's policy of annotating tests scores administered under extended time conditions discourages applicants from seeking such an accommodation, and punishes those who receive it, in violation of the FEHA, Unruh Act, and ADA.
- 202. As a direct result of the unlawful practices of defendants as alleged herein, class members have incurred out of pocket losses, including test registration fees and medical bills, in an amount to be proven at trial.
- 203. As a further and direct result of the unlawful practices of defendants as alleged herein, class members have suffered emotional distress, anxiety, lost opportunity, frustration, humiliation, and loss of dignity and self-esteem, in an amount to be proven at trial.
- demonstrated that they will continue to engage in, the pattern and practice of unlawful discrimination described herein unless and until they are enjoined, pursuant to the police power granted by Government Code sections 12920 and 12920.5, and pursuant to section 12974, from failing or refusing to comply with the mandates of the FEHA, Unruh Act, and the ADA. Unless and until defendants are enjoined from failing or refusing to comply with the mandates of these laws, class members' right to full and equal access to places of public accommodation will continue to be violated. Plaintiff lacks any plain, speedy, adequate remedy at law to prevent such harm, injury and loss, which will continue until the court enjoins the complained of unlawful conduct and grants other affirmative relief as prayed for herein.

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FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION - REAL PARTIES IN INTEREST ONLY

Denial of Reasonable Accommodation

(42 U.S.C. § 12189 and 28 C.F.R. § 36.309(b)(1)(iv))

- 205. The DFEH realleges and incorporates by reference each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 186, inclusive, as if fully set forth herein.
- 206. The ADA requires that any person offering examinations related to post-secondary education or profession "shall offer such examinations or courses in a place and manner accessible to persons with disabilities." (42 U.S.C. § 12189.) As part of this duty to make an examination accessible, the regulations require that any documentation requested be "reasonable and limited to the need for the modification, accommodation, or auxiliary aid or service requested." (28 C.F.R. § 36.309(b)(1)(iv).)
- 207. LSAC breached its duty to make the LSAT accessible to people with disabilities by requiring excessive amounts of documentation and denying a reasonable accommodation to each real party in interest, in violation of the FEHA, Unruh Act, and ADA.
- 208. As a direct result of the unlawful practices of defendants as alleged herein, real parties have incurred out of pocket losses, including test registration fees and medical bills, in an amount to be proven at trial.
- 209. As a further and direct result of the unlawful practices of defendants as alleged herein, real parties have suffered emotional distress, anxiety, lost opportunity, frustration, humiliation, and loss of dignity and self-esteem, in an amount to be proven at trial.
- 210. Defendants have engaged in, and by their refusal to comply with the law, have demonstrated that they will continue to engage in, the pattern and practice of unlawful discrimination described herein unless and until they are enjoined, pursuant to the police power granted by sections 12920 and 12920.5, and pursuant to section 12974, from failing or refusing to comply with the mandates of the FEHA, Unruh Act, and the ADA. Unless and until defendants are enjoined from failing or refusing to comply with the mandates of these laws, class members' right to full and equal access to places of public accommodation will continue to be violated. Plaintiff lacks any plain,



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COURT PAPER Stein of Coffee Me Std. 113 Rev. 3-89 FEAH Automated speedy, adequate remedy at law to prevent such harm, injury and loss, which will continue until the court enjoins the complained of unlawful conduct and grants other affirmative relief as prayed for

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION - REAL PARTIES IN INTEREST ONLY

Coercion, Intimidation, Threats, or Interference with ADA Rights
(42 U.S.C. § 12203)

- 211. The DFEH realleges and incorporates by reference each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 186, inclusive, as if fully set forth herein.
- 212. The ADA makes it unlawful to "coerce, intimidate, threaten, or interfere with any individual in the exercise or enjoyment of, or on account of his or her having exercised or enjoyed, any right granted or protected by this Act." (42 U.S.C. § 12203.)
- 213. LSAC's policies and patterns of requiring unreasonable types and excessive amounts of documentation to support each accommodation request violate the FEHA, Unruh Act, and the ADA, by unlawfully coercing, intimidating, threatening, or interfering with real parties' exercise or enjoyment of their right to reasonable accommodation on the LSAT.
- As a direct result of the unlawful practices of defendants as alleged herein, real parties have incurred out of pocket losses, including test registration fees and medical bills, in an amount to be proven at trial.
- 215. As a further and direct result of the unlawful practices of defendants as alleged herein, real parties have suffered emotional distress, anxiety, lost opportunity, frustration, humiliation, and loss of dignity and self-esteem, in an amount to be proven at trial.
- 216. Defendants have engaged in, and by their refusal to comply with the law, have demonstrated that they will continue to engage in, the pattern and practice of unlawful discrimination described herein unless and until they are enjoined, pursuant to the police power granted by Government Code sections 12920 and 12920.5, and pursuant to section 12974, from failing or refusing to comply with the mandates of the FEHA, Unruh Act, and the ADA. Unless and until defendants are enjoined from failing or refusing to comply with the mandates of these laws, class

violated. Plaintiff lacks any plain, speedy, adequate remedy at law to prevent such harm, injury and loss, which will continue until the court enjoins the complained of unlawful conduct and grants other affirmative relief as prayed for herein.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

members' right to full and equal access to places of public accommodation will continue to be

WHEREFORE, the DFEH prays that the court issue a judgment in favor of the DFEH, real parties in interest, and members of the class, and order defendants to provide the following relief:

AS TO REAL PARTIES IN INTEREST

- 217. Provide free and accommodated testing at the next available testing date in each real party's area, with accommodations as initially requested by that real party;
- 218. Provide a letter to each real party explaining that their LSAT scores used for their law school applications during the relevant period may not have provided accurate measures of their acquired reading and verbal reasoning skills, because LSAC did not reasonably accommodate their disabilities.

AS TO ALL MEMBERS OF THE CLASS. INCLUDING THE REAL PARTIES IN INTEREST

- 219. Cease and desist from consideration of mitigation measures such as medication when making a determination as to whether an applicant needs an accommodation.
- 220. Cease and desist from specially annotating LSAT scores tests scores administered under extended time conditions.
- 221. Include all test scores in the percentile ranking process and provide a ranked percentile to each test taker.
- 222. Immediately undertake a validation study to determine if LSAC scores under accommodation of extra time for cognitive disabilities are an equal measure of aptitude or achievement as compared to non-accommodated scores.
- 223. Reduce to a discrete and reasonable amount the documentation required to verify an applicant's need for an accommodation, especially for so-called cognitive disabilities, consistent with

-34-

the ADA's requirement that such documentation be "reasonable" and Congress' mandate that "the question of whether an individual's impairment is a disability under the ADA should not demand extensive analysis." (28 C.F.R. § 36.309(b)(1)(iv); 42 U.S.C. § 1201 [Pub. L. No. 110-325, § 2(b)(5) (Sept. 25, 2008) 122 Stat. 3553].)

- 224. Create a more streamlined and user-friendly process for considering reasonable accommodation requests, that includes notice to applicants, within a reasonable period of time, whether or not requested accommodations have been granted, and provides a fair process for timely reconsideration of any denial of requested accommodations.
- 225. Pay actual damages according to proof for each Unruh Act violation up to a maximum of three times the actual damages but in no case less than \$4,000 per violation.
- 226. Provide written proof to the Department of the nature and extent of LSAC's compliance with all requirements of the court's order within 100 days of its effective date; and,
 - 227. Provide such other relief as the Court deems to be just and proper.

Dated: March 15, 2012

DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT AND HOUSING

NELSON CHAN Chief Counsel

SUSAN SAYLOR Special Projects Counsel

Susan Saylor

Attorneys for the Department

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-35-

Dept. Fair Empl. & Hous. v. Law School Admission Council, Inc. (Whitney et al.)
Group and Class Action Complaint for Damages and Injunctive Relief

* * * PUBLIC ACCOMMO" \TION/RALPH/CIVIL CODE S TIONS 51.5 & 54 * * *

COMPLAINT OF DISCRIMINATION		DFEH # U200910-Q	-000300
PROVISIONS OF THE CALIFORNIA			
AND HOUSING ACT WHICH INCORP	ORATES THE UNRUH CIV	ll .	
RIGHTS ACT. THE RALPH CIVIL HIS	HTS ACT AND CIVIL CODE	e sections 51.5 and 54	
COMPLANANT'S NAME(S) (INDicate Mr. or Ma.,	f Individual)		
ADDRESS		TELEPHONE NUME	BER (INCLUDE AREA CODE)
	COUNT		
THE PARTY OF THE P	Alameda		CONTROCT
THE PERSON PHONESOF		COMMADDATION OF STU	001
NAMED IS THE PERSON, BUSINESS E	STABLISHMENT, PUBLIC AT	CCOMMODATION OR OTHE	H ENTITY THAT
DISCRIMINATED AGAINST ME:			
NAMEIS)	12.00	1	
LAW SCHOOL ADMISSIONS CO	JNCIL,		
ADDRESS			ER (INCLUDE AREA CODE)
P.O. Box 8512	COUNTY		215) 968-1001
CITY/SYATE/ZIP Newtown, PA 18940	COMIT	ALLOTT	(COO
CAUSE OF DISCRIMINATION BASED ON ICHECK	A SOBOODIATE BOYIEST		000
D RACE DSEX DISABILITY	D RELIGION D N	ATIONAL DRIGIN/ANCESTRY	SEXUAL ORIENTATION
COLOR DAGE DIMARITAL STATU			
DATE MOST RECENT OR CONTINUING DISCRIMI	NATION	·	TYPE OF COMPLAINT.
	1, 2010		В
THE PARTICULARS ARE:			
1. On or about April 21, 2010, I wa	e denied my resennable	accommodation request	for 50% avera faction
 On or about April 21, 2010, I was time when taking my LSAT examination 	m for the I aw School Adr	niesione Council which is	located at E A Bay
(Ime when taking my LOA1 exel	11 101 GIB CAM OCHOOL YOU	INSCIDIS COUNCII WINCII IS	located at P.O. Box
8512, Newtown, PA 18940.		•	
		avent for EDD/ out-o t-off	4-1-1
II. I believe I was denied my reaso	nable accommodation re	quest for 50% extra testil	ng ume when taking
my LSAT exam which is necess	ary due to my disability (A	Attention Deficit Disorder) which is a violation
Government Code, Section 129		de incorporates Section	of the Civil Code.
My belief is based on the follow	ng:		
A. Corporate Council, Joan	Van Tol, was aware of m	y disability and the grant	ing of my
accommodation request	ior 50% additional testing	time for a prior test date	. However, after I
requested an accommod	ation for 50% additional t	esting time for the June (3, 2010 exam, my

Typed and mailed for signature on May 4, 2010.

I declare under penalty of parjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct of my own knowledge except as to matters stated on my information and belief, and as to those matters I believe it to be true.

Oated May 31200

At XOALOAD

City COMPLAINANT'S SIGNATURE GUARDIANAP LITEM HOUSING DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT AND HOUSING

DATE FILED:

DATE FILED:

request was denied.

* * * PUBLIC ACCOMM(ATION/RALPH/CIVIL CODE COTIONS 51.5 & 54 * * *

COMPLAINT OF DISCRIMINATION UNDER THE DFEH # E-200910-G-0012-00-p PROVISIONS OF THE CALIFORNIA FAIR EMPLOYMENT AND HOUSING ACT WHICH INCORPORATES THE UNRUH CIVIL RIGHTS ACT, THE RALPH CIVIL RIGHTS ACT AND CIVIL CODE SECTIONS 51.5 AND 54 COMPLAINANT'S NAMEIS) (indicate Mr. or Ms., if individuel) Jones, Nicholes E. (Mr) TELEPHONE NUMBER (INCLUDE AREA CODE) ADDRESS (780) 409-9103 73213 Catalina Way CITY/STATE/ZIP COUNTY COUNTY CODE Palm Desert, ca 92260 Riverside 065 NAMED IS THE PERSON, BUSINESS ESTABLISHMENT, PUBLIC ACCOMMODATION OR OTHER ENTITY THAT **DISCRIMINATED AGAINST ME:** NAMEISL Law School Admissions Council, Inc. (LSAC) TELEPHONE NUMBER INCLUDE AREA CODE ADDRESS 215-968-1001 Post Office Box 8512 CITY/STATE/ZIP Newton, PA 18940-8512 Out-of-State 000 CAUSE OF DISCRIMINATION BASED ON ICHECK APPROPRIATE BOXIEST ON DISABILITY CI RELIGION ☐ NATIONAL ORIGIN/ANCESTRY CI SEXUAL ORIENTATION ☐ RACE DSEX MARITAL STATUS O OTHER (SPECIFY) II COLOR O AGE DATE MOST RECENT OR CONTINUING DISCRIMINATION TYPE OF COMPLAINT December 5, 2009 B TOOK PLACE (month, day, and year) THE PARTICULARS ARE:

- On or about December 5, 2009 I was denied reasonable accommodation to take the LSAT test for the Law School Admissions Council.
- On or about October 27, 2009 and November 9, 2009 I received notification my request for reasonable accommodation had been denied.
- III. I believe I was denied reasonable accommodation because of my disabilities (Amblyopia/Posterior Vitreous Detachment) and because of my membership in a class of people who are disabled. This is a violation of Section 12948 of the Government Code. The Government Code Incorporates Section 51 of the Civil Code. My belief is based on the following:
 - A. On or about October 20, 2009 I requested a reasonable accommodation to take the LSAT test scheduled for December 5, 2009.
 - B. On or about October 27, 2009 I received notification the documentation I provided did not reflect an impairment related to taking the LSAT and I remained registered to test as a standard test taker.
 - C. On or about November 3, 2009 I requested reconsideration regarding my accommodation request by providing additional information requested by LSAC to justify my need for reasonable accommodation.

Pg. 1 of 2

COMPLAINT OF DISCRIMINATION UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF THE CALIFORNIA FAIR EMPLOYMENT

AND HOUSING ACT WHICH INCORPORATES THE UNRUH CIVIL

RIGHTS ACT, THE RALPH CIVIL RIGHTS ACT AND CIVIL CODE SECTIONS 51.5 AND 54

COMPLAINANT

JOINES, Nicholas E. (Mr.)

RESPONDENT

Law School Admissions Council, Inc. (LSAC)

THE PARTICULARS ARE:

- D. On or about November 9, 2009 I received notification the additional documentation was reviewed and there was no change in their decision and my request for reasonable accommodation was denied.
- IV. I am making this complaint on behalf of myself and all other disabled individuals, who have been, are now, or will in the future be similarly aggreeved.

Pg. 2 of 2

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Typed and mailed for si	gnature on January 11, 2010JAN 2 1 2(1)(1)
except as to matters stated on my Information and belief, and	f California that the foregoing is true and correct of my own knowledge to those matters I believe it to be 1500 to the control of the HOUSING SATINGS
	HOUSING SAMUNIA
Dated //14/206	NICHOURS E. JONES
7	. COMPLAINANT'S SIGNATURE
AT PALM DESERT, CA	
AT PACK DESITY CAT	COMPLAINANT'S SIGNATURE/GUARDIAN AD LITEM
M/	COM CAMARIT O CIGITAL CITED AND LITER
DFEH-300-02 (12/99) SJ: 1:00	DATE FILED: JAN 2 1 2018
DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT AND HOUSING	STATE OF CALIFORNIA

SUSAN SAYLOR (#154592) 1 Acting Chief Counsel ALEXANDRA SELDIN (#239708) 2 Staff Counsel DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT 3 AND HOUSING 2218 Kausen Drive, Suite 100 Elk Grove, CA 95758 Telephone No.: (619) 645-2575 5 Facsimile: (619) 645-3170 6 Attorneys for the Department 7 8 BEFORE THE FAIR EMPLOYMENT AND HOUSING COMMISSION 9 OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 10 11 U-200910-G-0012-00-p Case Nos. In the Matter of the Complaint of THE DEPARTMENT OF FAIR U-200910-G-0011-00-p 12 EMPLOYMENT AND HOUSING, U-200910-Q0003-00 13 ٧8. NOTICE OF CLASS ACTION 14 LAW SCHOOL ADMISSION COUNCIL, COMPLAINT AND DIRECTOR'S COMPLAINT INC., 15 (Gov. Code §§ 12960, 12961 and 12965, Respondent, 16 subd. (a).) 17 HAMID MICHAEL HEJAZI; NICHOLAS E. JONES: and 18 Complainants. 19 20 21 TO LAW SCHOOL ADMISSION COUNCIL, INC., 662 Penn Street, Box 40, Newton, 22 Pennsylvania, 18940: 23 PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that pursuant to Government Code sections 12960 and 12961, the 24 Director of the DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT AND HOUSING (hereinafter "the 25 Department") has determined that the cases listed below will be treated and proceed as a group or 26 class complaint for all purposes, and the Director has issued the following Complaint of 27 Discrimination on behalf of the group or class described below: DFEH v. Law School Admission Council, Inc. (Hejazi, et. al.): Notice of Class Action Complaint

COUNT PAPER

Case number U-200910-G-0011-00-p, filed by Complainant HAMID MICHAEL HEJAZI against Respondent LAW SCHOOL ADMISSION COUNCIL, INC. on January 19, 2010.

Case number U-200910-G-0012-00-p, filed by Complainant NICHOLAS E. JONES against Respondent LAW SCHOOL ADMISSION COUNCIL, INC. on January 21, 2010.

Case number U-200910-Q0003-00, filed by Complainant (1991) against Respondent LAW SCHOOL ADMISSION COUNCIL, INC. on May 9, 2010.

The Director's determination and issuance is based on the following:

- 1. Complainants HAMID MICHAEL HEJAZI, NICHOLAS E. JONES and (Complainants) filed individual verified complaints in writing with the Department on the dates herein indicated alleging that Respondent LAW SCHOOL ADMISSION COUNCIL, INC. (hereinafter "LSAC") engaged in unlawful practices against them which were discriminatory on the basis of disability, in violation of the Fair Employment and Housing Act ("FEHA"), Government Code section 12900, et. seq. and the Unruh Civil Rights Act, Civil Code section 51.
- The Department's investigation revealed that LSAC is a proper respondent for all purposes in this matter.
- 3. The group or class of which the Complainants are members is comprised of all disabled individuals in the State of California who have or will request a reasonable accommodation for the Law School Admission Test ("LSAT"), administered by the LSAC, and who have or will be unlawfully denied such request from January 19, 2009 to the conclusion of the Department's investigation of this complaint.
- 4. There are common questions of law and fact involved which affect the parties to be represented and those persons similarly situated in that during the course of the Department's investigation the Complainants provided and the Department obtained information, which, if proven, indicates that LSAC unlawfully denied or denies disabled individuals reasonable accommodations for the LSAT. Respondent disputes some of these allegations. The Department will continue the investigation to determine the merits of these allegations.

	5.	The nature of the group or class is such that proof of a single set of facts will
1		ight of each member of the group to recover.
2	· .	
3	6.	The Director will fairly and accurately represent the interests of the group or class.
4	7.	You may, but need not, respond to this notification in writing by submitting your
5	response to:	Alexandra Seldin
6		Special Investigations Unit Administrator Department of Pair Employment and Housing————————————————————————————————————
7		2218 Kausen Drive, Suite 100
8		Elk Grove, CA 95758
9	DATED: July	y ² 2,2010
10	·	DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT
11		AND HOUSING
12		PHYLLIS W. CHENG Director
13		Director
14	<u> </u>	Ву:
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10 96	·	-3- DFEH v. Law School Admission Council, Inc. (Hejazi, et. al.):
- []		Notice of Class Action Complaint

* * * PUBLIC ACCOMMODATION/RALPH/CIVIL CODE SECTIONS 51.5 & 54 * * *

COMPLAINT OF DISCRIMINATION UNDER THE	DFEH # U 201112 H-0007-00-p	
PROVISIONS OF THE CALIFORNIA FAIR EMPLOYMENT		
AND HOUSING ACT WHICH INCORPORATES THE UNRUH CIV	/IL	
RIGHTS ACT, THE RALPH CIVIL RIGHTS ACT AND CIVIL COD	E SECTIONS 51.5 AND 64	
COMPLAINANT'S NAINE(8) (Indicate Mr. or Ma., if individual)		
JOHNSON, ALEX (MR.)		
ADDRESS	TELEPHONE NUMBER (INCLUDE AREA CODE	E)
1 447 La Linda Driva	760-736-0119	
CITY/STATE/ZIP COUNT	TY COUNTY CODE	
San Marcos, CA 92078 San Dieg	o . 073	
NAMED IS THE PERSON, BUSINESS ESTABLISHMENT, PUBLIC A	ACCOMMODATION OR OTHER ENTITY THAT	
DISCRIMINATED AGAINST ME:		
NAME(S)		
Law School Admissions Council, Inc. (LASC)		
ADOR(SS	TELEPHONE NUMBER IINCLUDE AREA CODE	5
662 Penn Street	215-988-1001 TY COUNTY CODE	
COUNTY/STATE/ZIP COUNT Newtown, PA 18940 Out of Sta		
CAUSE OF DISCRIMINATION BASED ON (CHECK APPROPRIATE BOXIES)		
TRACE OSEX BOISABILITY DRELIGION U	national origin/ancestry 💢 Sexual orientation	OH
O COLOR DI AGE DIMARITAL STATUS DI OTHER: (SPECIFY)	TYPE OF COMPLAINT	
TOOK PLACE (month, day, and year) September 17, 2010	Unruh	
THE PARTICULARS ARE:	nodation needed to take the LSAT (Law Schor	ol.
Admissions Test).		
II. No reason was given for partial denial of my reasonable ac	ccommodation and the granting of	
inadequate/ineffective accommodations.		
III. I believe I was denied reasonable accommodation, which i	is necessary due to my disability (Quadriplegia	a),
which is a violation of Government Code, Section 12948.	The Government Code incorporates Section	51
of the Civil Code. My belief is based on the following:		
•		•
A. On or about 8/6/10 I advised the Accommodated Tes	ting section of my medical need for	
accommodation in the form of using a computer for a	il sections of the test, 120 extra minutes on	
each section of the test, alternate to scantron answer	er sheet, uso of amanuensis (to turn pages),	
additional rest period and breaks, . I also provided su	pporting medical documentation to confirm th	18
accommodations were medically necessary.		
	and the second s	Th.
B. On or about 9/17/10 I was notified that part of my re	dested accommodation was point demen.	110
accommodations that were granted were inadequate	and instructive.	
V. I am making this complaint on behalf of myself and all oth	per disabled individuals who have been, are no	w.
or will in the future be similarly aggrieved.	ior disposed intervitable trains made posting are me	,
Connect word mailing for algorithm on August 23, 2011.		
decises under passive of perjury under the laws of the State of California	that the foregoing is true and correct of my own	
chowledge except as to matters stated on my information and belief, and a	as to those matters I believe it to be true.	
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V. xwall. 11.da. 8 based	10 h 2 - 107 to -	
Dated 0. 19 6. 11	COMPLAINANT'S SIGNATURE	_
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City COMPLAIN.	ANT'S SIGNATURE CLANED AN WOLL EN	
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OFEH-300-02 (12/99) 8:PND DATE	FILED. IIII	
DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT AND HOUSING	IJ LI AUG 29 2018 TALEDE FALIFORI	NIA
	DEPT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT & HOUSING	
	i banedaties it inglished verice i	

* * * PUBLIC ACCOMMOF" TION/RALPH/CIVIL CODE SC TIONS 51.5 & 54 * * *

COMPLAINT OF DISCRIMINATION UNDER T	HE DFEH # U 201)	12 H-0008-00-p
PROVISIONS OF THE CALIFORNIA FAIR EMP	PLOYMENT	
AND HOUSING ACT WHICH INCORPORATES RIGHTS ACT, THE RALPH CIVIL RIGHTS ACT	FAND CIVIL CODE SECTIONS 51.5 AN	D 54
"Chart A'IN ANT'S HAME IS) findicate Mr. or Ms., If Individual	प्रताम १८८० कर्मा हो सम्प्राह्म कर्मा । ।	Marchine Commence
ADDRESS	TELEPHONE	NUMBER (INCLUDE AREA CODE) XXX-XXX-XXXX
HILVATATIVE	COUNTY	COUNTY CODE
	San Diego	073
NAMED IS THE PERSON, BUSINESS ESTABLIS DISCRIMINATED AGAINST ME:	HMENT, PUBLIC ACCOMMODATION OR (OTHER ENTITY THAT
NAMEIS		• •
Law School Admissions Council, Inc. (LA	(SC)	AUDITED INCOME ABOA CONS.
ADDRESS	TELEPHONE	NUMBER INCLUDE AREA COUET 215-968-1001
662 Penn Street	COUNTY	COUNTY CODE
CITY/STATE/ZIP	Out of State	000
Newtown, PA 18940		000_
	ATE BOXIES])) RELIGION DI NATIONAL ORIGIN/ANCESTR\) OTHER (SPECIFY)	D SEXUAL ORIENTATION
DATE MOST RECENT OR CONTINUING DISCRIMINATION		

THE PARTICULARS ARE:

1. On or about 10/31/2010 I was denied the reasonable accommodation of adequate additional time to take the LSAT (Law School Admissions Test) and adequate break periods.

Unruh

II. No reason was given for partial denial of my reasonable accommodation.

TOOK PLACE Imonth, day, and year) October 31, 2010

- III. I believe I was denied reasonable accommodation in the form of additional test taking time and break periods, which is necessary due to my disabilities (ADD (Attention Deficit Disorder), Lemierre's Syndrome with Brain edema resulting in brain processing speed impairment), which is a violation of Government Code, Section 12948. The Government Code incorporates Section 51 of the Civil Code. My belief is based on the following:
 - A. On or about early 10/2010 I advised the Accommodated Testing section of my medical need for additional test taking time and break periods. I also provided supporting medical documentation.
 - B. On or about 10/31/10 I was notified that my requested accommodation was being denied. I was granted in sufficient additional time to take test sections. I was not granted sufficient break period. to administer vital medication.
- IV. I am making this complaint on behalf of myself and all other disabled individuals who have been, are now, or will in the future be similarly aggreed.

Typed and mailed for eignesure on August 22, 2011. I declare under penelty of perjury under the laws of the St knowledge except as to matters stated on my information	tate of Calling and the foregoing is true and correct of my own and before the commencer of believe it to be true.
Dated 8/26/2011	TOTEL EIVED
At Rancho Sate Se CA	COMPLAINANT'S SENATURE/GUARDIAN AD ILEN
DFEH-300-02 (12/99) 8:PND DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT AND HOUSING	DEPT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT & HE WHITE OF CALIFORNIA BAKERSPIELD DISTRICT OFFICE

* *	* PUBLIC	ACCOMMOD/	ION/RALPH/CIVIL	CODE SEC	JONS 51.5 8	§ 54 * * *
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COMPLAINT OF DISCRIMINATION UNDE	RTHE DEEH # U 2011	12 H-0013-00-p
PROVISIONS OF THE CALIFORNIA FAIR		
AND HOUSING ACT WHICH INCORPORA'	TES THE UNRUH CIVIL	
	ACT AND CIVIL CODE SECTIONS 51.5 AND	D 54
COMPLAINANT'S NAME(S) (Indicate Mr. or Ms., If Indivi		-667-5459
HENNESSEY-SEVERSON, ELIZABETH		NUMBER (INCLUDE AREA CODE)
1067 Oak Street	12307770772	XXX-XXX-XXXX
CITY/STATE/ZIP	COUNTY	COUNTY CODE
San Francisco, CA 92101	San Francisco	075
NAMED IS THE PERSON, BUSINESS ESTAB	LISHMENT, PUBLIC ACCOMMODATION OR C	THER ENTITY THAT
DISCRIMINATED AGAINST ME:		
HAMEIS)	II CACI	
Law School Admissions Council, Inc.		NUMBER (INCLUDE AREA CODE)
662 Penn Street		215-968-1001
CITY/STATE/ZIP	COUNTY	COUNTY CODE
Newtown, PA 18940	Out of State	000
CAUSE OF DISCRIMINATION BASED ON (CHECK APPRO	PRIATE BOX(ES)) D RELIGION D NATIONAL ORIGIN/ANCESTRY	SEXUAL ORIENTATION
COLOR DAGE D MARITAL STATUS	O OTHER (SPECIFY)	
DATE MOST RECENT OR CONTINUING DISCRIMINATION		TYPE OF COMPLAINY
TOOK PLACE Imonth, day, and year) MBY 1U, 20 THE PARTICULARS ARE:	<u> </u>	Unruh
I. From on or about 4/29/11 I was d	enied the reasonable accommodation of ad	equate additional time to
take the LSAT (Law School Admis		
	,	
it. No reason was given for denial of	my reasonable accommodation.	
		aa aaddam alaaa uubiab ia
III. I believe I was denied reasonable a	accommodation in the form of additional te	st taking time, which is
necessary due to my disabilities (A	Anxiety, Processing Disorder, Learning Diso which is a violation of Government Code, Se	ection 12948 The
Government Code incornerates Se	ction 51 of the Civil Code. My belief is be	sed on the following:
Government code moorporetes os		
A. On or about 4/27/11 I advised	the Accommodated Testing section of my	medical need for
additional test taking time as w	vell additional breaks in between test section	ons. I also provided
supporting medical documentar	tion.	
_	5/10/11 I was notified that my requested	accommodation was
being denied.		
and the state of the same states are both	والمراضية فيما والمستأم ومطاف والمراسم فالمستريخ في فالم	ala uuha haua haaa ara
now, or will in the future be similar	alf of myself and all other disabled individu	als who have been, are
rypad and mailed for signature on September 14, 2011.	ny aggiteved.	
declare under nepalty of nariusy under the laws of	f the State of California that the foreyoing is true an	nd correct of my awn
cnowledge except as to matters stated on my info	rmation and belief, and as to those matters I believe	it to be true.
1 /	$\infty \cap L$	
Dated 9/22/201/	to Term	
	COMPLAINANT'S SIGNAT	RE
San trancisco	GS HULLECEN	WIE DI
	COMPLAINANT'S BIBNATURE/GUARD	IAN ADI TEM
City	[[7]]	
DFEH-300-02 (12/99) B:PND	DATE FILED: U U SEP 26	1 1
EPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT AND HOUS		STATE OF CALIFORNIA

* * * PUBLIC ACCOMN DATION/RALPH/CIVIL CODF TECTIONS 51.5 & 54 * *

COMPLAINT OF DISCRIMINATION UNDER THE DFE	U 201112 н-0018-00-р Н#
PROVISIONS OF THE CALIFORNIA FAIR EMPLOYMENT	THE CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACT
AND HOUSING ACT WHICH INCORPORATES THE UNRUH CIVIL	alla st. s. tun sa
RIGHTS ACT, THE RALPH CIVIL RIGHTS ACT AND CIVIL CODE SECTI	UNS 51.5 AND 54
COMPLAINANT'S NAME(6) (Indicate Mr. or Ma., if Individual)	
LEE, CAROLINE FAVROT (MS.)	
ADDRESS	TELEPHONE NUMBER (INCLUDE AREA CODE)
676 Alcatraz Avenue	510-655-1768
CITY/STATE/ZIP COUNTY	COUNTY CODE
Dakland, CA 94609 Alameda	001
NAMED IS THE PERSON, BUSINESS ESTABLISHMENT, PUBLIC ACCOMM	ODATION OR OTHER ENTITY THAT
DISCRIMINATED AGAINST ME:	
DISCRIMINATED AGAINST ME:	Plantanian man ang again akina tip ap apinan di dibang di dibang papagagapakan dan ang ap an as as
DISCRIMINATED AGAINST ME:	
DISCRIMINATED AGAINST ME:	TELEPHONE NUMBER (INCLUDE AREA CODE)
DISCRIMINATED AGAINST ME: NAMES) LAW School Admissions Council, Inc. (LSAC) ADDRESS 662 Penn Street	TELEPHONE NUMBER (INCLUDE AREA CODE) 215-968-1001
DISCRIMINATED AGAINST ME: NAME(S) LAW School Admissions Council, Inc. (LSAC) ADDRESS 662 Penn Street CITY/STATE/ZIP COUNTY	TELEPHONE NUMBER (INCLUDE AREA CODE) 215-968-1001 COUNTY CODE
DISCRIMINATED AGAINST ME: NAMES) LAW School Admissions Council; Inc. (LSAC) ADDRESS 662 Penn Street	TELEPHONE NUMBER (INCLUDE AREA CODE) 215-968-1001
DISCRIMINATED AGAINST ME: NAME(S) LAW School Admissions Council, Inc. (LSAC) ADDRESS 662 Penn Street CITY/STATE/ZIP COUNTY Newtown, PA 18940 Out of State CAUSE OF DISCRIMINATION BASED ON (CHECK APPROPRIATE BOXIES))	TELEPHONE NUMBER (INCLUDE AREA CODE) 215-968-1001 COUNTY CODE 000
DISCRIMINATED AGAINST ME: NAME(S) LAW School Admissions Council, Inc. (LSAG) ADDRESS 662 Penn Street CITY/STATE/ZIP Newtown, PA 18940 CAUSE OF DISCRIMINATION BASED ON (CHECK APPROPRIATE BOXIES)) DRACE DISCRIMINATION BASED ON RELIGION DISCRIMINATIONAL	TELEPHONE NUMBER (INCLUDE AREA CODE) 215-968-1001 COUNTY CODE
DISCRIMINATED AGAINST ME: NAME(S) Law School Admissions Council; Inc. (LSAG) ADDRESS 662 Penn Street CITY/STATE/ZIP COUNTY Newtown, PA 18940 Out of State CLOUR DESK ZIDISABILITY DRELIGION DINATIONAL COLOR DAGE DMARITAL STATUS DOTHER (SPECIFY)	TELEPHONE NUMBER (INCLUDE AREA CODE) 215-968-1001 COUNTY CODE 000 ORIGIN/ANCESTRY
DISCRIMINATED AGAINST ME: NAME(S) LAW School Admissions Council, Inc. (LSAG) ADDRESS 662 Penn Street CITY/STATE/ZIP Newtown, PA 18940 CAUSE OF DISCRIMINATION BASED ON (CHECK APPROPRIATE BOXIES)) DRACE DISCRIMINATION BASED ON RELIGION DISCRIMINATIONAL	TELEPHONE NUMBER (INCLUDE AREA CODE) 215-968-1001 COUNTY CODE 000

II. No adequate reason was given for denial of my reasonable accommodation.

Admissions Test).

III. I believe I was denied reasonable accommodation, which is necessary due to my disabilities (Learning Disabilities & Processing Disabilities), which is a violation of Government Code, Section 12948. The Government Code incorporates Section 51 of the Civil Code. My belief is based on the following:

I. From on or about 10/2010 I was denied reasonable accommodation to take the LSAT (Law School

- A. On or about 10/2010 I advised the Accommodated Testing section of my medical need for reasonable accommodation. I also provided supporting medical documentation.
- B. Most recently on or about 4/28/11 I was notified that my requested accommodation was being denied.
- IV. I am making this complaint on behalf of myself and all other disabled individuals who have been, are now, or will in the future be similarly aggrisved.

Typed and mailed for signature on September 28, 2011.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct of my own knowledge except as to matters stated on my information and belief, and as to those matters I believe it to be true.

Dated

Complainant's Signature

City

Complainant's Signature

Complaina

18/86/2811 85:19

5106429978

SLAS EUP

HAGE MIZING

* * * PUBLIC ACCOMMODATION/RALPH/CIVIL CODE SECTIONS 51.5 & 54 * * *

COMPLAINT OF DISCRIMINATION UNDER		<u> 11 201112 н-0021-00-р</u>
PROVISIONS OF THE CALIFORNIA FAIR E AND HOUSING ACT WHICH INCORPORAT		•
RIGHTS ACT, THE RALPH CIVIL RIGHTS A		SELEANDEA
		3 31.3 KNU 34
COMPLANANT'S NAME(8) (Indicate Mr. or Ma., il Individ	U#Q	
BANKS, RAYMOND (MR.)		
ADDRESS.		TELEPHONE NUMBER INCLUDE AREA CODE
P. O. Box 186881		xxx-xxx-xxxx
CITY/STATE/ZIP	COUNTY	COUNTY CODE
Sen Francisco, CA 94115	San Francisco	075
NAMED IS THE PERSON, BUSINESS ESTABL	SHMENT, PUBLIC ACCOMMODA	ITION OR OTHER ENTITY THAT
DISCRIMINATED AGAINST ME:		
NAME(\$)		
Law School Admissions Council, Inc. [SAC)	
ADDRESS		TELEPHONE NUMBER (INCLUDE AREA CUDE)."
662 Penri Street		215-968-1001
CITYISTATEIZIP	COUNTY	COUNTY CODE
Newtown, PA 18940	Out of State	000
CAUSE OF DISCRIMINATION BASED ON ICHECK APPROF		
YTIJERBIO C X38C 30AR D ROJOD C	CI REUDION CI NATIONAL DRIGHT	N/ANGESTRY D SEXUAL ORIENTATION
DATE MOST RECENT OR CONTINUING DISCRIMINATION		TYPE OF COMPLAINT
TOOK PLACE IMPORTS, day, and year) January 31,	2011	Unruh
THE MADTIME ADE ADE		

- I. On or about January 2011 I was denied the reasonable accommodation of adequate additional time to take the LSAT (Law School Admissions Test).
- II. No reason was given for denial of my reasonable accommodation.
- III. I believe I was deniad reasonable accommodation in the form of additional test taking time, which is necessary due to my disabilities (Nerve and Muscle damage in left shoulder/arm), which is a violation of Government Code, Section 12948. The Government Code incorporates Section 51 of the Civil Code. My belief is based on the following:
 - A. On or about January 2011 I advised the Accommodated Testing section of my medical need for additional tast taking time. I also provided supporting medical documentation.
 - B. On or about January 2011 I was notified that my requested accommodation was being denied.
- jV. I am making this complaint on behalf of myself and all other disabled individuals who have been, are now, or will in the future be similarly aggrished.

Typod and mailed for signature on August 28, 2011.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct of my own knowledge except as to matters stated on my information and belief, and as to those matters i bolleve it to be true.

AI SAN TIMELIECO

DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT AND HOUSING

DFEH-300-02 (12/99)

City (9) B:PND

DATE FILED:

COMPLAINANT'S SIGNA

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COMPLAINANT'S SIGNATURE

DEPT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT & HOUSING BAKERSFIELD DISTRICT OFFICE

* * * PUBLIC ACCOMMO ATION/RALPH/CIVIL CODE STOTIONS 51.5 & 54 * * *

COMPLAINT OF DISCRIMINATION UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF THE CALIFORNIA FAIR EMPLOYMENT AND HOUSING ACT WHICH INCORPORATES THE UNRURIGHTS ACT, THE RALPH CIVIL RIGHTS ACT AND CIVIL	H CIVIL	201112 H-0023-00-p AND 54
COMPLAINANT'S NAME(6) (Indicate Mr. or Ms., If Individual) TALESHPOUR, GAZELLE (MS.)		
ADDRESS	TULUPLA	ONE NUMBER (INCLUDE AREA CODE)
6756 Bestwood Court	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	XXX-XXX-XXXX
CITY/STATE/ZIP	COUNTY	COUNTY CODE
San Diego, CA 92119 San	Diego	073
NAMED IS THE PERSON, BUSINESS ESTABLISHMENT, PUI DISCRIMINATED AGAINȘT ME: NAMEISI Law School Admissions Council, Inc. (LSAC)	SLIC ACCOMMODATION	UR UTHER ENTITY THAT
ADDRESS	TELEPH	ONE NUMBER (INCLUDE AREA CODE)
662 Penn Street		215-968-1001
CITIONICIE	COUNTY	COUNTY CODE
Newtown, PA 18940 Out	of State	000
CAUSE OF DISCRIMINATION BASED ON ICHECK APPROPRIATE BOX(ES)	D NATIONAL ORIGIN/ANCE	STRY - SEXUAL ORIENTATION
D RACE DSEX DISABILITY D RELIGION	FY)	
D RACE DSEX & DISABILITY D RELIGION	FY)	TYPE OF COMPLAINT
☐ RACE ☐SEX	FY)	TYPE OF COMPLAINT Unruh

- II. No adequate reason was given for denial of my reasonable accommodation.
- III. I believe I was denied reasonable accommodation in the form of additional test taking time, which is necessary due to my disabilities (Dyslexia, ADHD, Complications due to bone marrow transplant), which is a violation of Government Code, Section 12948. The Government Code incorporates Section 51 of the Civil Code. My belief is based on the following:
 - A. On or about 2008 and again starting in 7/2010 I advised the Accommodated Testing section of my medical need for reasonable accommodations. I also provided supporting medical documentation.
 - B. Most recently on or about 12/8/10 i was notified that at least part of my requested accommodation was being denied.
- IV. I am making this complaint on behalf of myself and all other disabled individuals who have been, are now, or will in the future be similarly aggrieved.

Typed and meiled for signature on September 30, 2011. Corrected and re-mailed October 7, 2011.

I declare under persetty of perjury under the lews of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct of my own innowledge except as to matters stated on my information and ballef, and as to those matters I believe it to be true.

Deted OCT 7th 2011

City Complainant's Signature

City Complainant's Signature OF EUVE OF COT 2011

DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT AND HOUSING

DEPT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT & HOUSING

DEPT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT & HOUSING

DEPT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT & HOUSING

* * * PUBLIC ACCOMMGUATION/RALPH/	CIVIL CODE SECTIONS	5 51.5 & 54 * * *
COMPLAINT OF DISCRIMINATION UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF THE CALIFORNIA FAIR EMPLOYMENT AND HOUSING ACT WHICH INCORPORATES THE UNRU	DFEH #	
RIGHTS ACT, THE RALPH CIVIL RIGHTS ACT AND CIVIL	CODE SECTIONS 51.5 AND	54
ADDRASS.	TELEPHONE NU	MBER INCLUDE AREA CODE
The state of the s	COUNTY	XXX-XXX-XXXX COUNTY CODE
Out	of State	000
NAMED IS THE PERSON, BUSINESS ESTABLISHMENT, PUR DISCRIMINATED AGAINST ME:	BLIC ACCOMMODATION OR OT	HER ENTITY THAT
NAME(S) Law School Admissions Council, Inc. (LSAC)		
ADDRESS	TELEPHONE NU	MBER INCLUDE AREA CODE
662 Penn Street	COUNTY	215-968-1001 COUNTY CODE
Newtown, PA 18940 Out	of State	000
CAUSE OF DISCRIMINATION BASED ON [CHECK APPROPRIATE BOXIES]) D RACE	D NATIONAL ORIGIN/ANCESTRY	G SEXUAL ORIENTATION
DATE MOST RECENT OR CONTINUING DISCRIMINATION		TYPE OF COMPLAINT
TOOK PLACE (month, day, and year) October 21, 2010 THE PARTICULARS ARE: 1. On or about 10/21/10 I was denied the reasonab		Unruh
 II. The resson citd for denying my request for reason not support that my condition limited a major life III. I believe I was denied reasonable accommodation Deficit—Hyperactivity Disorder [ADHD] and Lear Code, Section 12948. The Government Code in based on the following: 	e activity. n, which is necessary due to r ning Disabilities), which is a vi corporates Section 51 of the (ny disabilities (Attention iolation of Government Civil Code. My belief is
A. On or about 8/2010 I advised the Accommod reasonable accommodations. I also provided	supporting medical document	ation.
 B. Most recently on or about 10/21/10 I was no denied. 	otified that my requested acco	mmodations were being
IV. I am making this complaint on behalf of myself a now, or will in the future be similarly aggrieved.	and all other disabled individua	is who have been, are
Typed and meiled for algusture on September 27, 2011. I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Cal knowledge except as to matters stated on my information and belie	lifornia that the foregoing is true and if, and as to those matters I believe i	correct of my own
Dated	DATE FILED: 9/24/11	O ADDITION DE LIFORNIA D DISTRICT OFFICE

Case3:12-cv-01830-EMC Document1 Filed04/12/12 Page66 of 125

FUDLIG AUGURINIT "ATTUMPALFITOTATE GODE PROTECTION OF IS QUA

COMPLAINT OF DISCRIMINATION UNDE	R THE DEEH # 0 201112	H-0025-00-p
PROVISIONS OF THE CALIFORNIA FAIR E		
AND HOUSING ACT WHICH INCORPORAT		
	ACT AND CIVIL CODE SECTIONS 51.5 AND !	54
COMPLAINANT'S NAME(S) lindicate Mr. or Ms., if individ		
SEMOS, STEPHEN (MR.)		
ADDRESS .	TELEPHONE NU	MBER (INCLUDE AREA CODE)
6512 Monero Drive	COUNTY	310-544-2993 COUNTY CODE
Rancho Palos Verdes, CA 90275	Los Angeles	037
	LISHMENT, PUBLIC ACCOMMODATION OR OT	
DISCRIMINATED AGAINST ME:		
NAME(S)		
Law School Admissions Council, Inc.		
ADDRESS 662 Penn Street	TELEPHONE NU	215-968-1001
CITY/STATE/ZIP	COUNTY	COUNTY CODE
Newtown, PA 18940	Out of State	000
CAUSE OF DISCRIMINATION BASED ON ICHECK APPRO	PRIATE BOX(ES)) □ RELIGION □ NATIONAL ORIGIN/ANCESTRY	SEXUAL ORIENTATION
D COLOR DAGE DMARITAL STATUS	O OTHER (SPECIFY)	
DATE MOST RECENT OR CONTINUING DISCRIMINATION		TYPE OF COMPLAINT
TOOK PLACE Imonth, day, and year) February 25	3, 2011	Unruh
	2011 I was denied reasonable accommoda	tion to take the LSAT
(Law School Admissions Test).	,	,
II. No adequata reasons were given fo	or denial of my reasonable accommodation.	
W A		e diaghiliaine ((Callana)
III. I believe I was denied reasonable a	ccommodation which is necessary due to my nd Gertsmann Syndrome), which is a violatio	o of Government Code
Section 12948 The Government (Code incorporates Section 51 of the Civil Co	de. My belief is based
on the following:		
•		
A. On or about 2008, 11/2010 and	d 12/21/10 I advised the Accommodated Te	sting section of my
medical need for accommodation	n. I also provided supporting medical docum	nentation.
a terror and a second Paleon	2011 I was marified that my remunated	
being denied.	uary 2011 I was notified that my requested a	accommodation was
Call Balliag.		
IV. I am making this complaint on beha	olf of myself and ell other disabled individuals	who have been, are
now, or will in the future be similar	ly aggrieved.	•
yped and mailed for signature on September 30, 2011.	A College of College of the State of the Sta	
declars under pensity of perjury under the laws of consistent except as to matters stated on my infor-	the State of California that the foregoing is true and c mation and belief, and as to those matters I believe it	to be true.
the state of the s		
	0.1.1	
Dated 7 10-5-2011	Stern Simos	
	COMPLAINANT SIGNATURE	
	10) B 6 B 11 V	<u> </u>
11	COLUMN ANY ANY ANY ANY ANY ANY ANY ANY ANY AN	
City	COMPLAINANT'S GHATUREIGUARDIAN	المسالات
FEH-300-02 (12/99) 8:PND	DATE FILED	
EPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT AND HOUSE	NG DEPT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT BAKERSHELD DISTRICT	& HOUSING OF CALIFORNIA
	BAKENSTELD DIGITION	

* * * PUBLIC ACCOMMODATION/RALPH/CIVII	. Code Sections 51.5 & 54 * • •
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COMPLAINT OF DISCRIMINATION UNDER THE	DFEH #						
PROVISIONS OF THE CALIFORNIA FAIR EMPLOYMENT							
AND HOUSING ACT WHICH INCORPORATES THE UNRUH CIVIL	•						
RIGHTS ACT, THE RALPH CIVIL RIGHTS ACT AND CIVIL CODE SECTIONS 51.8 AND 54							
COMPLAINANT'S NAME(B) (Inclinate Mr. or Me., if Individual)							
DECOMO-SCHMITT, RODNEY ALEXANDER							
A DOTAL BE	TELEPHONE NUMBER (INCLUDE AREA COOK)						
4579 Paradise Drive	xxx-xxx-xxx						
CITY/STATE/ZIP COUNTY	COUNTY CODE						
Tiburon, CA 94920 Marin	O41						
NAMED IS THE PERSON, BUSINESS ESTABLISHMENT, PUBLIC ACC	COMMODATION OR OTHER ENTITY THAT						
DISCRIMINATED AGAINST ME:							
NAME(S)							
Lisw School Admissions Council, Inc. (LSAC)							
YPONERA	TELEPHONE HUMBER HINCLUDE AREA CODE)						
662 Penn Street	215-968-1001						
COUNTY	COUNTY CODE						
Newtown, PA 18940 Out of Stat	000						
O COLOR O AGE DI MARITAL STATUS DI OTHER ISPECIPY)	IONAL ORIGIN/ANCESTRY I SEXUAL ORIENTATION						
DATE MUST RECENT OR CONTINUING DISCRIMINATION	TYPE OF COMPLAINT						
TOOK PLACE Unionsh, day; and year) October 25, 2010	Unruh						
THE PARTICULARS ARE!							

- Most recently on or about 10/25/10 I was denied reasonable accommodation to take the LSAT (Law School Admissions Test).
- II. LSAC stated that the documentation submitted did not support that my condition limited a major life activity.
- (ii. I believe I was denied responsible accommodation in the form of additional test taking time, which is necessary due to my disabilities (Learning Disability—Reading Processing Problem), which is a violation of Government Code, Section 12949. The Government Code Incorporates Section 51 of the Civil Code, My belief is based on the following:
 - A. On or about 9/2010 I advised the Accommodated Testing section of my medical need for reasonable accommodation. I also provided supporting medical documentation.
 - B. Most recently on or about 10/25/10 I was notified that my requested accommodation was being denied.

now, or will in the future be similarly aggr Typed and mailed for signature on October 13, 2011.	
	te of California that the foregoing is true and correct of my own
inowledge except as to matters stated on my information (Hid beige, and as to those motions I believe it to be true.
Dated 10-13-11 Add	COMPLAINANT'S SIGNATURE
At 77 Kunsa Coldenia	
City	COMPLAINANT BUIGNATURE I GUARDIAN AD LETEM
DFEH-300-02 (12/99) 8:PND DEPARTMENT OF PAIR EMPLOYMENT AND HOUSING	CAT 14 2011

800\200.9 80TT#

* 1	bABF	E ACCOMMI	DDATION/RA	LPH/CIVIL (:00	SE SECTION	\$ 51.5	& 54 * * * 028-00-p
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			FAIR EMPLOYN		U I. Q			
ANDI	IDUSING A	CT WHICH INCOI	RPORATES THE I	JNRUH CIVIL				
RIGHT	S ACT, THI	RALPH CIVIL R	IGHTS ACT AND	CIVIL CODE SI	ecti	IONS 51.5 AND	154	
		IS) (Indicate Mr. or M) VDREW "ANDY						
ABDRES		IDICAA VIIDI	/sas(ss)			TELEPHONE N	UMIIĞR IINCL	UDE AREA CODEL
1478	O Farwell /	Avonue					408-74	,
C117-51		אלמצ		COUNTY Simta Clara				COUNTY CODE
PINTO	ga, CA 9	BEOM BITEINEGE	establishmen		TRAKE	AUDALION UB B	THER EXIT	OBS TV THAT
	IMINATED A	GAINST ME:	·	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				11-1 L 18-21
		nissions Counci	i, Inc. (LSAC)					
ESDATE	S					TELEPHONE N		JOE AHEA CODE
C1: V 3	ena Street			COUNTY			215-96	COMINACORE
Newt	own, PA			Out of State				000
CAUSE (C) RACE (3 COLO	Cafx	Tion easto on iche d oisaisility d :aarital sta	CK APPROPRIATE BOX LI-RELIGIO ITUS' DI CTHER	п 🖰 начи	SHAL (ORIGIAIÁNCESTRY	O Sex	UAL ORIENTATION
BATERS	CST RECEILT O	CONTINUING OISCA						COTAPLAINT
	ACE (month, di		mber 30, 2010	······································			Unrui	\
1.	Most racer	itly on or about i missions Test).	11/2010 wa a de	dunosta baine	ie ac	nolisbommöss	to take the	LSAT (Law
H.	No reason	wes given for th	e partial denial of	idsnossar ym	ie ac	commodation.		
Ш.	Brain Injury	and Depression	nable accommod /Anxiety Disorde Code Incorporetes	r), which is a v	violat	tion of Governm	nent Code	, Section
,			8/2010 i advised odadon. I elec pr					medical need
	B. Most re being d		ut 11/2010 i we	notified that	part	of my request	ed accomn	nodation was
Typed an	now, or will dimmind for sign	ll in the future be	on behalf of mys similarly aggree 2011.	red.				
l-declare knovijed	under panalis	of perjury under the	e laws of the State o my information and	of California unet i bolist, and as to	itie to ihose	regalng is true end matters I bolleve	t correct of a It to be true.	וועס עוו
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Λt	Sano	tran	0	with les es	٠.	Tech 1971 Stay	16	
		City"		COMP. MINANT		ECEPV	אוני ט גאט	
	0-02 (17/98) MENT OF FAII	B:PND TEMPLOYMENT AN	DAISUOH G	DATE FILED	K	001 17 20	STATE	OF CALIFORNIA
				0	DELL Q	F FAIR EMPLOYMENT	& HOUSING	

* * * PUBLIC ACCOMMOP TION/RALPH/CIVIL CODE SFRTIONS 51.5 & 54 * * *

	U 20111	2 H-0029-00-p
COMPLAINT OF DISCRIMINATION UNDER THE	DFEH #	
PROVISIONS OF THE CALIFORNIA FAIR EMPLOYMENT	W-112-2-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-	
	H	
AND HOUSING ACT WHICH INCORPORATES THE UNRUH CIV	IL	
RIGHTS ACT, THE RALPH CIVIL RIGHTS ACT AND CIVIL COD	E SECTIONS 51.5 AND 64	
COMPLAINANT'S NAMEIS) sindicate Mr. or Ms., if Individual)		
COLLINS, KEVIN M. (MR.)		
ADDRESS	TELEPHONE NU	MBER INCLUDE AREA CODE!
23140 Victory Blvd.		818-346-4200
CITY/STATE/ZIP	COUNTY	COUNTY CODE
	s Angeles	037
NAMED IS THE PERSON, BUSINESS ESTABLISHMENT, P	PUBLIC ACCOMMODATION OR OT	HER ENTITY THAT
DISCRIMINATED AGAINST ME:		
NAME(S)		
Law School Admissions Council; Ind. (LSAC)		
ADDRESS	TELEPHONE NU	MBER INCLUDE AREA CODE
662 Penn Street		215-968-1001
CITY/STATE/ZIP	COUNTY	COUNTY CODE
118410411, 17	ut of State	000
CAUSE OF DISCRIMINATION BASED ON (CHECK APPROPRIATE BOXIES	0	
CI RACE DSEX DIBABILITY DI RELIGION	D NATIONAL ORIGIN/ANCESTRY	SEXUAL ORIENTATION
COLOR DAGE DMARITAL STATUS DOTHER (SP	ECIFAI	
DATE MOST RECENT OR CONTINUING DISCRIMINATION		TYPE OF COMPLAINT
TOOK PLACE Imonus, day, and year) March 14, 2011		Unruh
THE PARTICULARS ARE:		

- I. On or about 1/18/11 and most recently on 3/14/11 I was denied reasonable accommodation to take the LSAT (Law School Admissions Test).
- II. The denial on 1/18/11 was allegedly due to insufficient documentation. No reason was given for the partial denial of my requested reasonable accommodation on 3/14/11.
- III. I believe I was denied reasonable accommodation which is necessary due to my disabilities (Gifted Learning disability: Reading Disorder and Written Expression Disorder), which is a violation of Government Code, Section 12948. The Government Code incorporates Section 51 of the Civil Code. My belief is based on the following:
 - A. Beginning on or about 12/10/10 i advised the Accommodated Testing section of my medical need for reasonable accommodation. I also provided supporting medical documentation.
 - B. On or about 1/18/11 I was notified that my requested accommodation was not being granted even thought I believe that all necessary supporting documentation had been submitted.
 - C. Most recently on 3/14/11 I was notified that part of my requested accommodation was being denied.

IV. I am making this complaint on behalf of myself and all other disabled individuals who have been, are now, or will in the future be similarly aggrieved.

Typed and mailed for signature on October 19, 2011.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct of my own knowledge except as to matters stated on my information and ballat, and as to those matters it believe it to be true.

Dated

OCT 17 2011

DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT AND HOUSING

DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT & HOUSING OF CALIFORNIA BAKERSRELD DISTRICT OFFICE

EXHIBIT 15

* * *	PUBLIC ACCOMMO	ATION/RALPH/CIVIL	CODE S_CTIONS	5 51.5 & 54	1 * * •
-------	----------------	-------------------	---------------	-------------	---------

U 201112 H-0031-00-p

COMPLAINT OF DISCRIMINATION UNDE		DFEH #	ле и облечо-р	
PROVISIONS OF THE CALIFORNIA FAIR	EMPLOYMENT			
AND HOUSING ACT WHICH INCORPORA	TES THE UNRU	H CIVIL		
RIGHTS ACT, THE RALPH CIVIL RIGHTS	ACT AND CIVIL	CODE SECTIONS 51.5 AND	54	
COMPLAINANT'S NAMEIS) (Indicate Mr. or Ms., if Indiv	idu el)	·		
IOAN, OTILIA (MS.)				
ADORESS		TELEPHONE N	UMBER (INCLUDE AREA CODE)	
5305 Harwood Road			XXX-XXX-XXXX	
CITY/STATE/ZIP		COUNTY	COUNTY CODE	
San Jose, CA 95124		ta Clara	085	
NAMED IS THE PERSON, BUSINESS ESTAB DISCRIMINATED AGAINST ME:	LISHMENI, PUB	LIC ACCUMMODATION OR UT	HER ENITTY THAT	
Law School Admissions Council, Inc.	(LSAC)			
ADDRESS		TELEPHONE NI	UMBER (INCLUDE AREA CODE)	
662 Penn Street			215-968-1001	
CITY/STATE/ZIP	· ·	COUNTY	COUNTY CODE	
Newtown, PA 18940 CAUSE OF DISCRIMINATION BASED ON ICHECK APPRO		of State	000	
D RACE DSEX & DISABILITY D COLOR DIAGE D MARITAL STATUS	PRELIGION OTHER (SPECIF	O NATIONAL ORIGIN/ANCESTRY	SEXUAL ORIENTATION	
DATE MOST RECENT OR CONTINUING DISCRIMINATIO			TYPE OF COMPLAINT	
TOOK PLACE (month, day, and year) November	17, 2010		Unruh	
THE PARTICULARS ARE: 1. On or about 11/17/10 I was denie	d responship se	commodation to take the LS	AT II nu Cabaal	
Admissions Test).	n lengoliable ac	commonation to take the F2	AT (Law School	
II. No reason was given for denial of	my reasonable (accommodation.		
III. I believe I was denied reasonable a	ccommodation	which is necessary due to m	ny disability (Spinal Chord	
Injury-Quadriplegia), which is a vic				
incorporates Section 51 of the Civ				
A. On or about 8/2010 I advised t	he Accommoda	ted Testing section of my me	edical need for	
ressonable accommodation. I	also provid ed s u	pporting medical documenta	tion.	
'				
B. On or about 11/17/10 I was no	tified that part	of my requested accommoda	ition was being denied.	
(V. I am making this complaint on behanow, or will in the future be similar		d all other disabled individual	's who have been, are	
. Fyped and mailed for signature on September 27, 2011.				
declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct of my own				
cnowledge except as to matters stated on my info				
•				
10/20/4	\sim	to		

DFEH-300-02 (12/99) B:PND
DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT AND HOUSING

COMPLAINANT'S SIGNATURE GUNROLANZON LIT

DEPT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT & HUUSING BAKERSFIELD DISTRICT SPERGE OF CALIFORNIA

DATE FILED:

EXHIBIT 16

• • •	, ,	
* * * PUBLIC ACCOMMODA	TION/RALPH/CIVIL CODE SECTI	ONS 51 5 & 64 * * *
		01112 H-0032-004
COMPLAINT OF DISCRIMINATION UND PROVISIONS OF THE BALIFORNIA FAIR		
AND HOUSING ACT WHICH INCORPOR	ATES THE UNRUR-CIVIL	
lights act, the ralph civil rights	S ACT AND CIVIL CODE SECTIONS 51.5 /	IND 54
OMPLANANT'S'HAMBLE) Indicare W. of We., it ind DUAN, ANDREW [MR.)	hildusi)	
DCAFSE	FALEPHO	HE HUMBER HINCLUDE AREA CODE)
1023 Oak Manor Court	COUNTY	XXX-XXXX
layward, CA 94642	Alameds	OOO1
IAMED IS THE PERSON, BUSINESS ESTA HSCRIMINATED AGAINST ME:	BLISHMENT, PUBLIC ACCOMMODATION OF	ROTHER ENTITY THAT
ow School Admissions Council, Inc.		
BB2 Penn Street	TECEPHON	TIE ORG. 100'S
ITV/STATEREP	COUNTY	215,968-1001 60001 COOL
New town, PA 18940	Out of State	000
NACE USEX EDISABLITY COLOR DIAGE UNARITAL STATUS ATÉ MOST RECENT OR CONTINUING DISCRIMINATI	G RELIGION D NATIONAL ORIGIN/ANCEST	
OOK PLACE Interm. day, and past) Suptember		Unch
HE PARTICULARS ARE		
School Admissions Test).	1 I was denied reasonable accommodation	n to take the LSAT (Law
Section 51 of the Civil Code. My	vernment Code, Section 12948. The Gov belief is based on the following: the Accommodated Tusting section of my	·
· ressonable accommodations.	I also provided supporting medical docum	entation,
B. Most recently on or about 9/13 denied.	3/11 I was notified that my requested acc	sommodations were being
IV. I am making this complaint on beh now, or will in the future be similar and makes for Movehur on October 7, 2011.	nolf of myself and all other disebled Individ any aggrisved.	fuals who have been, are
polers under penalty of perjury under the laws o	of the State of California that the foregoing is true o ermation and belief, and as to those metters I belief	and correct of my own.
10-206-20(1 B	rut. Que	
	COMPLAINANT'S EIGNAY	UNE
City	COMPLAINANT'S SIGNATURE/GUARI	MATIL DÁ NAK
EH-300-02 (12/98) B://NO	DAYE FILED:	VE A COM A F
partment of fair employment and hous	INO III) E COTEMPT AVOICE
e manifest de principal de principal de la company de la c		4
		OCT 28 2011
	ļu t	H 101 60 2011
	nen.	TOU CAID CLUDE OVALCHE A TOUR
	DEP	T OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT & HOUSIN BAKERSFIELD DISTRICT OFFICE

EXHIBIT 17

* * * PUBLIC ACCOMMOL TION/RALPH/CIVIL CODE ST TIONS 51.5 & 54 *

COMPLAINT OF DISCRIMINATION UNDER T		U 201112 H-0035-00-p
PROVISIONS OF THE CALIFORNIA FAIR EMI		·
AND HOUSING ACT WHICH INCORPORATES		
RIGHTS ACT, THE RALPH CIVIL RIGHTS ACT	T AND CIVIL CODE SECTIONS	51.5 ANO 54
COMPLAINANT'S NAME(S) (Indicate Mr. or Ms., if Individual)	·	
WHITNEY, AUSTIN (MR.)		
ADDRESS		TELEPHONE NUMBER (INCLUDE AREA CODE)
1050 Miller Avenue		xxx-xxx-xxxx
CITY/STATE/ZIP	COUNTY	COUNTY CODE
Berkeley, CA. 94708	Alameda	. 001
NAMED IS THE PERSON, BUSINESS ESTABLIS	HMENT, PUBLIC ACCOMMODA	TION OR OTHER ENTITY THAT
DISCRIMINATED AGAINST ME:		•
NAME(S)		
Law School Admissions Council, Inc. (LS		
ADDRESS		TELEPHONE NUMBER (INCLUDE AREA ÇODE)
662 Penn Street		215-968-1001
CITY/STATE/ZIP	COUNTY	COUNTY CODE
Newtown, PA 18940	Out of State	000
CAUSE OF DISCRIMINATION BASED ON ICHECK APPROPRIA		
	RELIGION DINATIONAL ORIGIN	I/ANCESTRY SEXUAL ORIENTATION
DATE MOST RECENT OR CONTINUING DISCRIMINATION		TYPE OF COMPLAINT
TOOK PLACE (month, day, and year) September 21	, 2011	Unruh
YILE BADYICIN ADD ADE.		

- 1. On or about 9/21/11 I was denied reasonable accommodation to take the LSAT (Law School Admissions Test).
- II. No reason was given for denial of my reasonable accommodation.
- III. I believe I was denied reasonable accommodation in which is necessary due to my disabilities (Spinal Chord Injury - paraplegia, chronic/neuropathic pain), which is a violation of Government Code, Section 12948. The Government Code incorporates Section 51 of the Civil Code. My belief is based on the following:
 - A. On or about 8/28/11 I advised the Accommodated Testing section of my medical need for reasonable accommodation. I also provided supporting medical documentation.
 - B. On or about 9/21/11 I was notified that part of my requested accommodation was being denied.
- IV. I am making this complaint on behalf of myself and all other disabled individuals who have been, are now, or will in the future be similarly aggrieved.

Typed and mailed for signature on October 28, 2011. I declars under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct of my own knowledge except as to matters stated on my information and ballef, and as to those matters I believe it to be true, COMPLAINANT'S SIGNAT ARDIAN AD LITEM DEPT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT & HOUSING

DFEH-300-02 (12/99) B:PND DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT AND HOUSING DATE FILED:

BAKERSFIELD DISTRICT OFFICE

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

EXHIBIT 18

* * * PUBLIC ACCOMMOL .TION/RALPH/CIVIL CODE SF TIONS 51.5 & 54 * * *

COMPLAINT OF DISCRIMINATION UP	NDER THE DEEL	U 201112 H-0033-00-p
PROVISIONS OF THE CALIFORNIA FA		
AND HOUSING ACT WHICH INCORPO		
RIGHTS ACT, THE RALPH CIVIL RIGH	TS ACT AND CIVIL CODE SECTIO	NS 51.5 AND 54
COMPLAINANT'S NAME(S) (Indicate Mr. or Ma., if	ndividuali	
VIELBAUM, KEVIN (MR.)		•
ADDRESS		TELEPHONE NUMBER (INCLUDE AREA CODE)
812 Foothill Drive		xxx-xxx
CITY/STATE/ZIP	COUNTY	. COUNTY CODE
San Mateo, CA 94402	San Mateo	081
NAMED IS THE PERSON, BUSINESS EST DISCRIMINATED AGAINST ME:		
NAME(5)		# No. 2 Table 14.00
Law School Admissions Council, Ir	ic. (LSAC)	TELEPHONE NUMBER (INCLUDE AREA CODE)
662 Penn Street		215-968-1001
CITY/STATE/ZIP	COUNTY	COUNTY CODE
Newtown, PA 18940	Out of State	000
CAUSE OF DISCRIMINATION BASED ON ICHECK A IT RACE IDSEX ID DISABILITY ID COLOR ID AGE ID MARITAL STATUS		RIGIN/ANCESTRY - SEXUAL ORIENTATION
DATE MOST RECENT OR CONTINUING DISCRIMINA	NOTION	TYPE OF COMPLAINT
TOOK PLACE Imonth, day, and year) May 12,	, 2011	Unruh
THE PARTICULARS ARE:		
	2/11 I was denied reasonable acco	mmodation to take the LSAT (Law
School Admissions Test).		•
II. No adequate reason was given	for denial of my reasonable accor	mmodation.
III. I believe I was denied reasonab	le accommodation which is neces	sary due to my disabilities (Dyslexia-
		Section 12948. The Government Code
	Civil Code. My belief is besed on	
	dvised the Accommodated Testin I also provided supporting medic	•
	tial request for accommodation wa d that part of my requested accom	as denied in total. Most recently on or nonmodation was being denied.
		•
IV. I am making this complaint on t	sehalf of myself and all other disa	bled individuals who have been, are
now, or will in the future be sin		
Typed and malled for signature on November 4, 201 declare under penalty of perjury under the taw	in at the State of California that the force	pologie two and covered of my ave
chomiseds except se to matters stated on what decision makes the common formal makes the common time common trial common t		
, ,		 ,
Dated 11 / 68 / 11	Jen.	
	COMPLAINA	NT'S SIGNATURE POR COME
s San Mateo CA	24. 5	DISCENSE
City	COMPLAINANT'S SIGNA	TURE/GUARDIAN AND LITTER NO. 2011

DATE FILED:

DFEH-300-02 (12/89) 8:PND
DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT AND HOUSING

EXHIBIT 19

1 2	Angle W. Law School Admission Council, Inc.
3	CASE NOS.: U-201112-FI-0021-00 11201112-FI-0021-00
4	U-201112-H-0028-00-n 1/-201117 VY 100-10-0-10-10-1112-H-0018-00-n
5	U-200910-G-0012-00-7 1/201112-H-0031-00-p, U-201112-H-0007-00-p
7	22-0055-00-p, and U-201112-H-0035-00-p
8	RESPONDENT'S NOTICE OF TRANSFER OF PROCEEDINGS TO COURT
9	respondent in this matter. I elect to transfer this present
0	hearing before the Fair Employment and Housing Commission, pursuant to Government Code section 12965, subdivision (c)(1).
۱	Dated: <u>2-22-/2</u>
:	Colie Cas OD
	Respondents/Representative's Signature
	Respondent(s) [Please print]
	Julia Capell, Atomer For law Solom
	Representative (Please print) Admission Courts
	Address of Respondent, or if represented, address of Representation
	TURNANT & JOURTON L. P.
	Street Also Marke 0.4 econo
	City State Zip
	Telephone number of Respondent, or if
	represented, telephone number of Representative
	-6.

•		
ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY		SEGNICOUKIDUSEIONE I
Susan Saylor(#154592	2)	FILED
Department of Fair I	Employment and Housing	ALAMEDA COUNTY
Legal Division		
39141 Civic Center I	rive, Suite 410	MOAR 1 5 20121242000
Fremont, CA 94538		י טערעטער יישאייונא
TELEPHONE NO.: (510) 622		
ATTORNEY FOR (Name): DEDT OF	Fair Employment and Housing	
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, C		βy
STREET ADDRESS: 1225 Fall MALING ADDRESS:	on Street	
CITY AND ZIP CODE: Oakland,	CA 94612	1
	Davidson Courthouse	
	w School Admission Council	I, Inc.
CIVIL CASE COVER SHE	ET Complex Case Designa	
x Unlimited Limited		oinder A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A
(Amount (Amoun		by defendant white LE UE & COUNTY
demanded demand exceeds \$25,000) \$25,000	or less) (Cal. Rules of Court, rule	e 3:402) DEPT:
6,00000 020,000)	Items 1-6 below must be completed (see in	
1 Check one hox below for the c	ase type that best describes this case:	
Auto Tort	Contract	Provisionally Complex Civil Litigation
Auto (22)	Breach of contract/warrar	
Uninsured motorist (48)		
Other Pt/PD/WD (Personal Injury	Rule 3.740 collections (0)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Damage/Wrongful Death) Tort	Case conections (op)	Construction defect (10)
/	Insurance coverage (18)	transfer in the second
Asbestos (04)	Other contract (37)	Securities litigation (28)
Product liability (24)	Real Property	Environmental/Toxic tort (30)
Medical malpractice (45)	Eminent domain/inverse	Insurance coverage claims arising from the
Other PVPD/WD (23)	condemnation (14)	above listed provisionally complex case
Non-PI/PD/WD (Other) Tort	Wrongful eviction (33)	types (41)
Business tort/unfair busines	s practice (07) Other real property (26)	Enforcement of Judgment
	Unlawful Detainer	Enforcement of judgment (20)
X Civil rights (08)		Miscellaneous Civil Complaint
Defamation (13)	Commercial (31)	
Fraud (16)	Residential (32)	RICO.(27)
intellectual property (19)	Drugs (38)	Other complaint (not specified above) (42)
Professional negligence (25	i) Judicial Review	Miscellaneous Civil Petition
Other non-PI/PD/WD tort (3	(05) Asset forfeiture	Partnership and corporate governance (21)
Employment	Petition re; arbitration aw	rard (11) Other petition (not specified above) (43)
Wrongful termination (36)	Writ of mandate (02)	
Other employment (15)	Other judicial review (39)	
		Iffornia Rules of Court. If the case is complex, mark the
2. This case X is if actors requiring exceptional ju		mornia Rules of Court. If the case is complex, mark the
a. Large number of sep	arately represented parties d. X Lar	ge number of witnesses
		ordination with related actions pending in one or more courts
		ther counties, states, or countries, or in a federal court
		estantial postjudgment judicial supervision
••		
Remedies sought (check all the	iai appiy); a. 🔼 monetary b. 🔼 norm	nonetary; declaratory or injunctive relief c punitive
4. Number of causes of action (s	:pacify): five	
5. This case X is I	s not a class action suit.	
0, 1100 0000 (222) 10	cases, file and serve a notice of related ca	NSA (Volumet Disa form CM-015)
Date: March 15, 2012	Cases, ille allo serve a notoe of related ca	136. (10d 13dy 236 101111 CIVI-010.)
	,	Justin Justas
Susan Saylor (#154592	RINT NAME)	(SIGNATURE OF PARTY OR ATTORNEY FOR PARTY)
	NOTICE	
Plaintiff must file this cover sh		proceeding (except small claims cases or cases filed
		(Cal. Rules of Court, rule 3.220.) Failure to file may result
in sanctions.		
	n to any cover sheet required by local cour	
		Court, you must serve a copy of this cover sheet on all
other parties to the action or p		s cover sheet will be used for statistical purposes only.
	so under role our to or a complex case, une	s cover street will be used for statistical purposes only. Page 1 of 2
Form Adopted for Mandatory Use Judicial Council of California	CIVIL CASE COVER S	HEET [eggs] Cal. Rules of Court, rules 2.90, 3.220, 3.400-3.403, 3.740; Cal. Standards of Judicial Administration, etcl. 3.10
CM-010 [Rev. July 1, 2007]		Solutions Cal. Standards of Judicial Administration, atd. 3.10





INSTRUCTIONS ON HOW TO COMPLETE THE COVER SHEET

CM-010

To Plaintiffs and Others Filing First Papers. If you are filing a first paper (for example, a complaint) in a civil case, you must complete and file, along with your first paper, the Civil Case Cover Sheet contained on page 1. This information will be used to compile statistics about the types and numbers of cases filed. You must complete items 1 through 6 on the sheet. In item 1, you must check one box for the case type that best describes the case. If the case fits both a general and a more specific type of case listed in item 1, check the more specific one. If the case has multiple causes of action, check the box that best indicates the primary cause of action. To assist you in completing the sheet, examples of the cases that belong under each case type in item 1 are provided below. A cover sheet must be filed only with your initial paper. Failure to file a cover sheet with the first paper filed in a civil case may subject a party, its counsel, or both to sanctions under rules 2.30 and 3.220 of the California Rules of Court.

To Parties in Rule 3.740 Collections Cases. A "collections case" under rule 3.740 is defined as an action for recovery of money owed in a sum stated to be certain that is not more than \$25,000, exclusive of interest and attorney's fees, arising from a transaction in which property, services, or money was acquired on credit. A collections case does not include an action seeking the following: (1) tort damages, (2) punitive damages, (3) recovery of real property, (4) recovery of personal property, or (5) a prejudgment writ of attachment. The identification of a case as a rule 3.740 collections case on this form means that it will be exempt from the general time-for-service requirements and case management rules, unless a defendant files a responsive pleading. A rule 3,740 collections case will be subject to the requirements for service and obtaining a judgment in rule 3.740.

To Parties in Complex Cases. In complex cases only, parties must also use the Civil Case Cover Sheet to designate whether the case is complex. If a plaintiff believes the case is complex under rule 3.400 of the California Rules of Court, this must be indicated by completing the appropriate boxes in items 1 and 2. If a plaintiff designates a case as complex, the cover sheet must be served with the complaint on all parties to the action. A defendant may file and serve no later than the time of its first appearance a joinder in the plaintiff's designation, a counter-designation that the case is not complex, or, if the plaintiff has made no designation, a designation that the case is complex. **CASE TYPES AND EXAMPLES**

Auto (22)-Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death Uninsured Motorist (46) (if the case involves an uninsured motorist claim subject to

arbitration, check this item instead of Auto)

Other P!/PD/WD (Personal Injury) Property Damage/Wrongful Death)

Asbestos (04)

Asbestos Property Damage Asbestos Personal Injury/ Wrongful Death

Product Liability (not asbestos or toxic/environmental) (24)

Medical Malpractice (45)

Medical Malpractice

Physicians & Surgeons Other Professional Health Care

Malpractice Other PI/PD/WD (23)

Premises Liability (e.g., slip

and fall)

Intentional Bodily injury/PD/WD

(e.g., assault, vandalism) Intentional Infliction of

Emotional Distress

Negligent Infliction of

Emotional Distress

Other PI/PD/WD

Non-PVPD/WD (Other) Tort

Business Tort/Unfair Business

Practice (07)

Civil Rights (e.g., discrimination,

false arrest) (not civil harassment) (08)

Defamation (e.g., slander, libel)

(13)

Fraud (16)

Intellectual Property (19)

Professional Negligence (25)

Legal Malpractice

Other Professional Malpractice (not medical or legal)

Other Non-PI/PD/WD Tort (35)

Wrongful Termination (36)

Other Employment (15)

CM-010 [Rev. July 1, 2007]

Breach of Contract/Warranty (06)

Breach of Rental/Lease

Contract (not unlawful detainer or wrongful eviction)

Contract/Warranty Breach---Seller

Plaintiff (not freud or negligence)

Negligent Breach of Contract/ Warranty

Other Breach of Contract/Warranty

Collections (e.g., money owed, open

book accounts) (09)

Collection Case-Seller Plaintiff

Other Promissory Note/Collections Case

Insurance Coverage (not provisionally

complex) (18)

Auto Subrogation

Other Coverage

Other Contract (37) Contractual Fraud

Other Contract Dispute

Real Property

Eminent Domain/Inverse

Condemnation (14)

Wrongful Eviction (33)

Other Real Property (e.g., quiet title) (26)

Writ of Possession of Real Property

Mortgage Foreclosure

Quiet Title

Other Real Property (not eminent

domain, landlord/tenant, or foreclasure)

Unlawful Detainer

Commercial (31)

Residential (32)

Drugs (38) (if the case involves illegal drugs, check this item; otherwise,

report as Commercial or Residential)

Judicial Review

Asset Forfeiture (05)

Petition Re: Arbitration Award (11)

Writ of Mandate (02)

Writ-Administrative Mandamus

Writ-Mandamus on Limited Court

Case Metter

Writ-Other Limited Court Case

Review

Other Judicial Review (39)

Review of Health Officer Order Notice of Appeal-Labor

Commissioner Appeals

Provisionally Complex Civil Litigation (Cal. Rules of Court Rules 3.400-3.403)

Antitrust/Trade Regulation (03) Construction Defect (10)

Claims involving Mass Tort (40)

Securities Litigation (28)

Environmental/Toxic Tort (30)

Insuranca Coverage Claims (arising from provisionally complex

case type listed above) (41)

Enforcement of Judgment

Enforcement of Judgment (20)

Abstract of Judgment (Out of

County)

Confession of Judgment (non-

domestic relations)

Sister State Judgment Administrative Agency Award

(not unpaid taxes)

Petition/Certification of Entry of

Judgment on Unpaid Taxes

Other Enforcement of Judgment

Case Miscellaneous Civil Complaint

RICO (27) Other Complaint (not specified

above) (42)

Declaratory Rellef Only injunctive Reliaf Only (non-

haressment)

Mechanics Llen

Other Commercial Complaint

Case (non-tort/non-complex)

Other Civil Complaint

(non-tort/non-complex)

Miscellaneous Civil Petition

Partnership and Corporate

Governance (21)

Other Petition (not specified

above) (43) Civil Harassment

Workplace Violence

Elder/Dependent Adult Abuse

Election Contest

Petition for Name Change

Petition for Relief from Late

Claim

Other Civil Petition

CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET

Page 2 of 2

F. ADDENDUM TO CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET

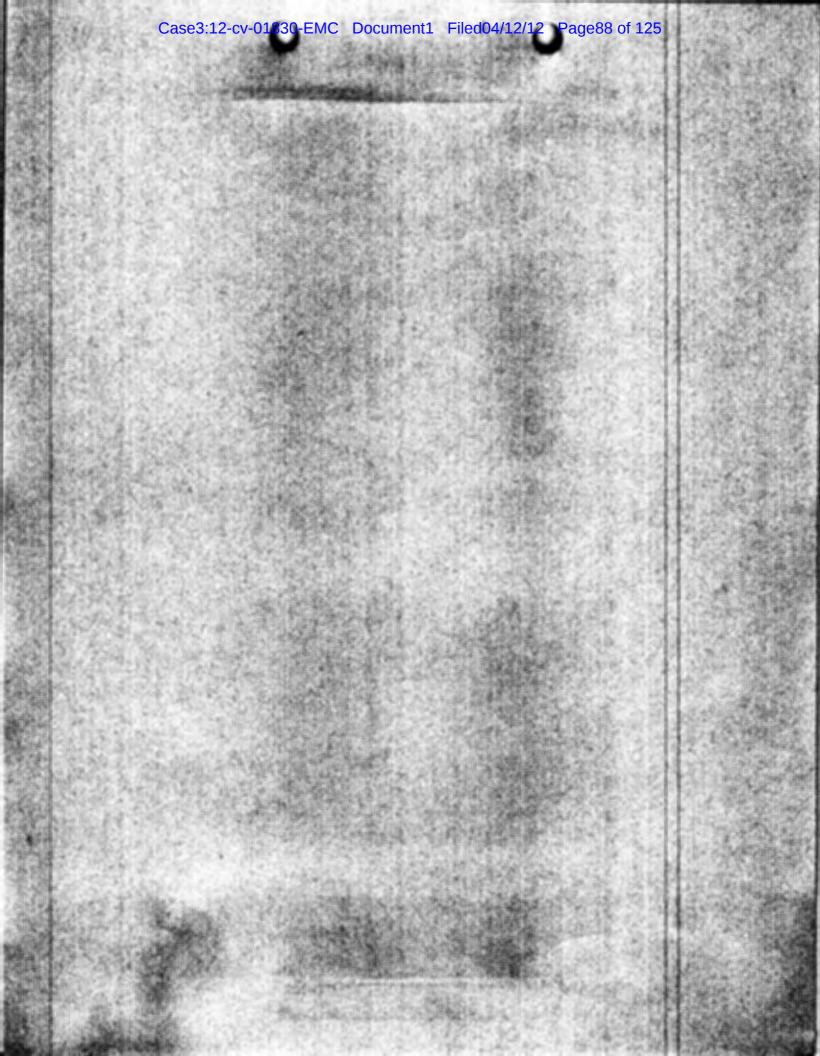
Unified Rules of the Superior Court of California, County of Alameda

Short Title:		Case Number:
	DFEH v. Law School Admission Council, Inc.	oude Hulliber.
L		

CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET ADDENDUM

				IMITED CIVIL CASE FILINGS IN THE
				IIA, COUNTY OF ALAMEDA
		, O. O.		[] Hayward Hali of Justice (447)
Oakland, Re	ne C. Davidson Alameda County Court	ouse (44	16)	Pleasanton, Gale-Schenone Hall of Justice (448)
CIVILEDICATION	and the second of the second o	SM COLUMN		
	Carriellus (Sarate 18	L. Jan		and description relices and compress of the contraction of the contrac
Auto Tort	Auto tort (22)	[]	34	Auto tort (G)
		ls this	s an un	Insured motorist case? [.] yes [] no
Other PI /PD /	Asbestos (04)	[]	75	Asbestos (D)
WD Tort	Product liability (24)	11	89	Product liability (not asbestos or loxic tort/environmental) (G)
	Medical malpractice (45)	(1)	97	Medical malpractice (G)
	Other PVPD/WD tort (23)		33	Other PI/PD/WD tort (G)
Non - PI /PD /	Bus tort / unfair bus. practice (07)		79	Bus tort / unfair bus. practice (G)
WD Tort	Civil rights (08)		80	Clvil rights (G)
	Defamation (13)		84	Defamation (G)
	Fraud (16)	(1)	24	Fraud (G)
	Intellectual property (19)		87	intellectual property (G)
	Professional negligence (25)	111	59	Professional negligence - non-medical (G)
	Other non-PI/PD/WD tort (35)	lii	03	Other non-PI/PD/WD tort (G)
Employment	Wrongful termination (36)	[]	38	Wrongful termination (G)
' '	Other employment (15)	lii	85	Other employment (G)
		[1]	53	. Labor comm award confirmation
			54	Notice of appeal - L.C.A.
Contract	Breach contract / Wrnty (06)	[1	04	Breach contract / Wmty (G)
	Collections (09)	111	81	Collections (G)
	Insurance coverage (18)	[1]	86	Ins. coverage - non-complex (G)
	Other contract (37)	\perp	98	Other contract (G)
Real Property	Eminent domain / Inv Cdm (14)	[1]	18	Eminent domain / Inv Cdm (G)
•	Wrongful eviction (33)	11)	17	Wrongful eviction (G)
	Other real property (26)	$+$ \Box	36	Other real property (G)
Unlawful Detainer	Commercial (31)		94	Unlawful Detainer - commercial is the deft. in possession
	Residential (32)		47 21	Unlawful Detainer - residential of the property? Unlawful detainer - drugs [] Yes [] No
	Drugs (38)		41	Asset forfeiture
Judicial Review	Asset forfeiture (05) Petition re: arbitration award (11)	()	62	Pet. re: arbitration award
	Writ of Mandate (02)	Tii	49	Writ of mandate
	(35)	1 ' '		QA action (Publ.Res.Code section 21000 et seq) [] Yes [] No
	Other judicial review (39)		64	Other judicial review
Provisionally	Antitrust / Trade regulation (03)	111	77	Antitrust / Trade regulation
Complex	Construction defect (10)	lii	82	Construction defect
·	Claims involving mass tort (40)	lii	78	Claims involving mass tort
	Securitles litigation (28)	lii	91	Securities litigation
	Toxic lort / Environmental (30)	lii	93	Toxic tort / Environmental
	Ins covrg from cmplx case type (41)	اننا	95	ins covrg from complex case type
Enforcement of	Enforcement of judgment (20)	[]	19	Enforcement of judgment
Judgment		لنا	08	Confession of judgment
Misc Complaint	RICO (27)	[]	90	RICO (G)
·	Partnership / Corp. governance (21)	(1)	88	Partnership / Corp. governance (G)
	Other complaint (42)	سال	68	All other complaints (G)
Misc. Civil Petition	Other petition (43)	[1]	06	Change of name
		111	69	Other petition

202-19 (5/1/00)



SUMMONS (CITACION JUDICIAL)

NOTICE TO DEFENDANT: (AVISO AL DEMANDADO):

LAW SCHOOL ADMISSION COUNCIL, INC., a Delaware tax exempt corporation, and DOES ONE through TEN,

inclusive



FOR COURT USE ONLY (SOLO PARA USO DE LA CORTE)

FILED ALAMEDA COUNTY

MAR 1 5 2012

YOU ARE BEING SUED BY PLAINTIFF:

(LO ESTÀ DEMANDANDO EL DEMANDANTE):

THE DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT AND HOUSING, an agency of the State of California

NOTICEL You have been sued. The court may decide against you without your being heard unless you respond within 30 days. Read the information

You have 30 CALENDAR DAYS after this summons and legal papers are served on you to file a written response at this court and have a copy served on the plaintiff. A letter or phone call will not protect you. Your written response must be in proper legal form if you want the court to hear your case. There may be a court form that you can use for your response. You can find these court forms and more information at the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinlo.ca.gov/selfhelp), your county law library, or the courthouse nearest you. If you cannot pay the filling fee, ask the court clerk for a fee waiver form. If you do not file your response on time, you may lose the case by default, and your wages, money, and property may be taken without further warning from the court.

There are other legal requirements. You may want to call an attorney right away. If you do not know an attorney, you may want to call an attorney referral service. If you cannot afford an attorney, you may be eligible for free legal services from a nonprofit legal services program. You can locate these nonprofit groups at the California Legal Services Web site (www.lewhelpcalifornia.org), the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ce.gov/self/help), or by contacting your local court or county bar association. NOTE: The court has a statutory lien for waived fees and costs on any settlement or arbitration award of \$10,000 or more in a civil case. The court's lien must be paid before the court will dismiss the case. IAVISOI Lo han demandado. Si no responde dentro de 30 días, la corte puede decidir en su contra sin escuchar su versión. Les la información a continuación

Continuación
Tiene 30 DÍAS DE CALENDARIO después de que le entreguen esta citación y pepeles legales para presentar una respuesta por escrito en esta
corte y hacer que se entregue una copia al demandante. Una carta o una llamada telefónica no lo protegen. Su respuesta por escrito tiene que estar
en formato legal correcto si desea que procesen su caso en la corte. Es posible que haya un formulario que usted pueda usar para su respuesta.
Puede encontrar estos formularios de la corte y más información en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California (www.sucorte.ca.gov), en la
biblioteca de leyes de su condado o en la corte que le quede más cerca. Si no puede pagar la cuota de presentación, pida el secretario de la corte
que le dé un formulario de exención de pago de cuotas. Si no presenta su respuesta a tiempo, puede perder el caso por incumplimiento y la corte le
condicionarios estados directos pago de cuotas. Si no presenta su respuesta a tiempo, puede perder el caso por incumplimiento y la corte le
condicionarios estados directos estados estados percentas de la corte de la corte

podrá quitar su sueldo, dinero y blenes sin más advertanda.

Hay otros requisitos legales. Es recomendable que llame a un abogado inmediatamente. Si no conoce a un abogado, puede llamar a un servicio de remisión a abogados. Si no puede pagar a un abogado, es posible que cumple con los requisitos para obtener servicios legales gratuitos de un programa de servicios legales sin fines de lucro. Puede encontrar estos grupos sin fines de lucro en el sitlo web de California Legal Services, (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California, (www.sucorte.ca.gov) o poniéndose en contacto con la corte o el colegio de abogados locales. AVISO: Por ley, la corte tiene derecho e reclamar las cuotas y los costos exentos por imponer un gravamen sobre cualquier recuperación de \$10,000 ó más de valor recibida mediante un acuerdo o una concesión de arbitraje en un caso de derecho civil. Tiene que pagar el gravamen de la corte antes de que la corte pueda desechar el caso.

The name and address of the court is: (El nombre y dirección de la corte es): ALAMEDA COUNTY SUPERIOR COURT 1225 Fallon Street

12621479

Jakiand, CA 94012	·	
El nombre, la dirección y el no Susan Saylor (#1545	hone number of plaintiff's attorney, or plaintiff without an attorney, is: ûmero de teléfono del abogado del demandante, o del demandante que no tiene abogado, es): 592) (510) 622-2941 Employment and Housing-Legal Division	;
39141 Civic Center		
Fremont, CA 94538	COLOR BOUIT	
DATE: MAR 1 5 2012	Pat S. Sweetenclerk, by	Deputy
(Fecha) MAK 1.3 2,012		(Adjunto)
For proof of service of this sur	nmons, use Proof of Service of Summons (form POS-010).)	*************************
Para prueba <u>da entrega</u> de es	ta citation use el formulario Proof of Service of Summons, (POS-010)).	
THE OF CALL	NOTICE TO THE PERSON SERVED: You are served	
ISEAL COUNTY	1. as an individual defendant.	
8/10	2. as the person sued under the fictitious name of (specify):	
	3. X on behalf of (specify): Law School Admission Council, Inc.	
13/20/20/20/20/20/20/20/20/20/20/20/20/20/		
W Part of the same	under: X CCP 416.10 (corporation) CCP 416.60 (minor)	
\ \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	CCP 416.20 (defunct corporation) CCP 416.70 (conservatee)	
COL	CCP 416.40 (association or partnership) CCP 416.90 (authorized pe	erson)
ONTY	other (specify):	
	4 by personal delivery on (date):	Page 1 of 1
F		

Judicial Council of California SUM-100 (Rev July 1, 2009) SUMMONS

Code of Civil Procedure §§ 412 20, 465

	SUM-200(A)
SHORT TITLE: DFEH v. Law School Admission Council, Inc. CASE NUMBER:	
INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE	
 This form may be used as an attachment to any summons if space does not permit the listing of a If this attachment is used, insert the following statement in the plaintiff or defendant box on the sun Attachment form is attached." 	-
List additional parties (Check only one box. Use a separate page for each type of party.):	
Plaintiff Defendant Cross-Complainant Cross-Defendant	•
REAL PARTIES IN INTEREST:	
JOHN DOE, JANE DOE, PETER ROE, RAYMOND BANKS, KEVIN COLLINS, ROESCHMITT, ANDREW GROSSMAN, ELIZABETH HENNESSEY-SEVERSON, OTILIA I JOHNSON, NICHOLAS JONES, CAROLINE LEE, ANDREW QUAN, STEPHEN SEMOTALESHPOUR, KEVIN VIELBAUM, AUSTIN WHITNEY, and all other similatindividuals,	IOAN, ALEX DS, GAZELLE
	n envigade Militaria

age _____ of ____ Page 1 of 1

1 **NELSON CHAN (#109272)** Chief Counsel **SUSAN SAYLOR (#154592)** 2 Special Projects Counsel DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT 3 AND HOUSING 39141 Civic Center Drive, Suite 410 Fremont, CA 94538 5 Telephone: (510) 622-2941 Attorneys for the DFEH 6 [Filing fee exempt, Gov. Code, § 6103] 7 **BY FAX** 8 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA 9 10 THE DEPARTMENT OF FAIR 11 EMPLOYMENT AND HOUSING, an agency of the State of California, NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION TO Plaintiff,) 13 PROCEED USING FICTITIOUS NAMES 14 LAW SCHOOL ADMISSION COUNCIL, INC., Time: a Delaware tax exempt corporation, and DOES Dept. ONE through TEN, inclusive, 16 17 Defendants.) 18 JOHN DOE, JANE DOE, PETER ROE, RAYMOND BANKS, KEVIN COLLINS 19 RODNEY DECOMO-SCHMITT, ANDREW GROSSMAN, ELIZABETH HENNESSEY-20 SEVERSON, OTILIA IOAN, ALEX JOHNSON, NICHOLAS JONES, CAROLINE LEE, ANDREW QUAN, STEPHEN SEMOS, 21 GAZELLE TALESHPOUR, KEVIN VIELBAUM, AUSTIN WHITNEY, and all other 23 similarly situated individuals, Real Parties in Interest. 24 25 26 27 Dept. Fair Empl & Hous. v. Law School Admission Council, Inc. (Whitney)

Notice of Motion and Motion to Proceed Using Fictitious Names

	TO ALL NAMED PARTIES AND THEIR ATTORNEY OF RECORD:					
	The DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT AND HOUSING will, on					
	2012, at, in Department, located at, or as soon					
	thereafter as the matter can be heard, move this court for an order permitting the Department to					
	proceed with its Group and Class Action Complaint for Damages and Injunctive Relief using					
	fictitious names for three of the real parties in interest.					
	This motion will be made on the ground that exceptional circumstances justify the use of					
	fictitious names to protect the true identity of these three real parties in interest because of the highly					
	sensitive and personal nature of their disabilities and the potential injury to their professional					
	reputation should such information be publicly disclosed. (Doe v. Lincoln Unified School Dist. (2010)					
	188 Cal. App. 4th 758, 767.) The motion will be based on this notice, the attached points and					
	authorities, and declarations of Susan Saylor, Jane Doe, and Peter Roe.					
	Dated: March 15, 2012 DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT AND HOUSING					
	NELSON CHAN Chief Counsel					
	SUSAN SAYLOR Special Projects Counsel					
	By: Lunan Saylar					
	Susan Saylor Attorneys for the Department					
ŀ						
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FILED **NELSON CHAN (#109272)** AMEDA COUNTY Chief Counsel **SUSAN SAYLOR (#154592)** MAR 1 5 2012 Special Projects Counsel DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT 3 AND HOUSING 39141 Civic Center Drive, Suite 410 Fremont, CA 94538 Telephone: (510) 622-2941 5 6 Attorneys for the DFEH [Filing fee exempt, Gov. Code, § 6103] BY FAX 7 8 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA 9 10 THE DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT) 11 2621479 AND HOUSING, an agency of the State of California. 12 MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND 13 Plaintiff.) **AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT OF** MOTION TO PROCEED USING 14 VS. **FICTITIOUS NAMES** LAW SCHOOL ADMISSION COUNCIL, INC., 15 Date: 5-15-16 a Delaware tax exempt corporation, and DOES ONE through TEN, inclusive, Time: 103 16 Dept. 17 Defendants. 18 JOHN DOE, JANE DOE, PETER ROE 19 RAYMOND BANKS, KÉVIN COLLINS, RODNEY DECOMO-SCHMITT, ANDREW 20 GROSSMAN, ELIZABETH HENNESSEY-SEVERSON, OTILIA IOAN, ALEX JOHNSON, NICHOLAS JONES, CAROLINE LEE, 21 ANDREW QUAN, STEPHEN SEMOS, GAZELLE TALESHPOUR, KEVIN 22 VIELBAUM, AUSTIN WHITNEY, and all other 23 similarly situated individuals. 24 Real Parties in Interest. 25 26

I. INTRODUCTION

By this motion, the Department of Fair Employment and Housing (DFEH) asks the court to exercise its discretion to allow three of the real parties in interest to proceed anonymously, using the fictitious names of John Doe, Jane Doe, and Peter Roe. The use of fictitious names would protect these real parties' privacy interest in information about their disability and medical condition, and also guard against potential harm to reputation and retaliation in the legal industry. No prejudice to the opposing party would occur, because the Law School Admissions Council, Inc. (LSAC) already possesses the information that these real parties wish to keep private.

II. PROCEDURAL HISTORY

After investigating LSAC's practices in granting and denying reasonable accommodation on the Law School Admission Test (LSAT), the DFEH filed an administrative accusation before the Fair Employment and Housing Commission on February 6, 2012 and an amended accusation on February 17, 2012. (Declaration of Susan Saylor in Support of Motion to Proceed Using Fictitious Names (Saylor Dec.), ¶ 3.) LSAC elected to transfer this matter to superior court, and the DFEH is filing this motion concurrently with its Group and Class Action Complaint for Damages and Injunctive Relief.

III. FACTS

The Group and Class Action Complaint alleges that LSAC denied reasonable accommodation to 17 separately identified real parties in interest, and further discriminated against a class of applicants for reasonable accommodation on the LSAT, from January 19, 2009 to February 6, 2012. Three of the 17 real parties in interest have requested that the Department seek permission for them to participate in this litigation anonymously. (Saylor Dec., ¶ 2-6.) These real parties have expressed concerns about their privacy in information pertaining to their disability, and are also fearful of discrimination in their future careers should the facts about their reasonable accommodation requests be made public. (*Ibid.*)



-2-

IV. ARGUMENT

The DFEH requests the court's permission to proceed with its litigation on behalf of three real parties in interest using the fictitious names John Doe, Jane Doe, and Peter Roe. Although party names are usually required in any pleading (Code Civ. Pro., § 422.40), parties are sometimes permitted to proceed under fictitious names where "exceptional circumstances" exist. (Doe v. Lincoln Unified School Dist. (2010) 188 Cal.App.4th 758, 767.) This is one of those exceptional situations where fictitious names should be allowed.

A. FICTITIOUS NAMES SHOULD BE PERMITTED DUE TO THE PERSONAL AND SENSITIVE NATURE OF THE REAL PARTIES IN INTERESTS' DISABILITIES

Parties have been allowed to proceed under fictitious names where the subject matter of the dispute is highly sensitive and personal, such that public disclosure would inflict an irreparable injury. In Doe v. Lincoln Unified School Dist., supra, 188 Cal.App.4th at p. 767, a school teacher bringing a challenge to the school district's determination that she was mentally unfit was permitted to proceed under a pseudonym. Other examples include a patient suing a laboratory after acquiring HIV from a reused needle, and a sperm donor who was accused of failing to disclose his family history of kidney disease. (Jane Doe 8015 v. Superior Court (2007) 148 Cal.App.4th 489 [HIV]; Johnson v. Superior Court (2000) 80 Cal.App.4th 1050, 1072 [kidney disease].) California courts have recognized that, where sensitive, disability-related information is concerned, the use of pseudonyms is appropriate.

Here, John Doe, Jane Doe, and Peter Roe all sought a reasonable accommodation on the LSAT due to their disabilities. (Group and Class Action Complaint for Damages and Injunctive Relief, ¶ 58-66 [John Doe], 67-73 [Jane Doe], and 74-80 [Peter Roe].) The Department's complaint explains that both Jane and John Doe have Attention Deficit Disorder (ADD). (Complaint, ¶ 59 and 68.) Peter Roe has learning disabilities. (Complaint, ¶ 75.) In California, information about a litigant's disability is personal and private. (Cal. Const., art. I, § 1; Johnson v. Superior Court, supra, 80 Cal.App.4th at p. 1068 ["[I]t is well settled that the zone of privacy created by [the California Constitution] extend[s] to the details of a patient's medical and psychiatric history"].) Real parties



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should not be forced to disclose closely held information about their disability in order to assert their right to receive reasonable accommodation.

B. REAL PARTIES' NEED FOR ANONYMITY OUTWEIGHS ANY PREJUDICE TO THE PUBLIC OR OPPOSING PARTY

The use of three pseudonyms in this case will not prejudice LSAC or impair the public's right to know. Federal courts have adopted a balancing test between the need for anonymity and the public interest in open proceedings. As the court explained in *Does I thru XXIII v. Advanced Textile Corp.* (9th Cir. 2000) 214 F.3d 1058, 1068, "a party may preserve his or her anonymity in judicial proceedings in special circumstances when the party's need for anonymity outweighs prejudice to the opposing party and the public's interest in knowing the party's identity." Here, LSAC already possesses real parties' personal information because defendant requires it in order to consider any request for reasonable accommodation. The public's need to know will be satisfied by the fact that most of the other real parties have chosen to proceed under their true names. On balance, real parties John Doe, Jane Doe, and Peter Roe should be allowed to proceed anonymously.

C. REAL PARTIES HAVE A LEGITIMATE FEAR OF FURTHER DISCRIMINATION SHOULD THEIR IDENTITIES BE REVEALED

Fictitious names will also protect real parties from further discrimination as they pursue their dream to practice law. In *Does I thru XXIII v. Advanced Textile Corp.*, where the plaintiffs requested to use fictitious names out of a fear of future retaliation from their employer, the court identified three relevant factors in determining whether the use of pseudonyms were appropriate: "(1) the severity of the threatened harm, (2) the reasonableness of the anonymous party's fears, and (3) the anonymous party's vulnerability to such retaliation." (*Does I thru XXIII v. Advanced Textile Corp.*, supra 214 F.3d 1058, 1068.) Here, the real parties in interest have requested anonymity out of a desire to protect their professional reputation as they enter the legal profession, and to eliminate the possibility that future employers might discriminate against them. (Saylor Dec., ¶¶ 3-5.) Each of these concerns is concrete and legitimate. Especially in this age of internet-accessible information, real parties' concerns should be addressed by the use of fictitious names. "The judicial use of 'Doe plaintiffs' to protect legitimate privacy rights has gained wide currency, particularly given the

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rapidity and ubiquity of disclosures over the World Wide Web." (Starbucks Corp. v. Sup. Ct. (2008) 168 Cal. App. 4th 1436, 1453.) These real parties should be allowed to assert their right to accommodation without suffering any future impairment in their inability to practice law.

The age of the parties seeking anonymity is also a factor. (James v. Jacobson (4th Cir. 1993) 6 F.3d 233, 238.) John Doe, Jane Doe, and Peter Roe are young adults seeking only to complete their education; discretion should be exercised in favor of the use of pseudonyms.

v. **CONCLUSION**

Anonymity will protect the privacy interests of real parties and prevent harm to reputation without impairing defendant's rights or those of the public. For these reasons, the Department respectfully requests that the court grant permission for John Doe, Jane Doe, and Peter Roe to proceed in this lawsuit under fictitious names.

Dated: March 15, 2012

DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT AND HOUSING

NELSON CHAN Chief Counsel

SUSAN SAYLOR Special Projects Counsel

Susan Saylor

Attorneys for the Department

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COURT PAPER
Blate of California
Bid. 112 Rev. 3-05



FILED ALAMEDA COUNTY

NELSON CHAN (#109272)
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Attorneys for the DFEH
[Filing fee exempt, Gov. Code, § 6103]

Telephone: (510) 622-2941

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BY FAX

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA

THE DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT)
AND HOUSING, an agency of the State of
California,

Plaintiff,

VS.

LAW SCHOOL ADMISSION COUNCIL, INC., a Delaware tax exempt corporation, and DOES ONE through TEN, inclusive,

Defendants.)

Real Parties in Interest.

JOHN DOE, JANE DOE, PETER ROE, RAYMOND BANKS, KEVIN COLLINS, RODNEY DECOMO-SCHMITT, ANDREW GROSSMAN, ELIZABETH HENNESSEY-SEVERSON, OTILIA IOAN, ALEX JOHNSON, NICHOLAS JONES, CAROLINE LEE, ANDREW QUAN, STEPHEN SEMOS, GAZELLE TALESHPOUR, KEVIN VIELBAUM, AUSTIN WHITNEY, and all other similarly situated individuals,

Cass 16 12621479

DECLARATION OF SUSAN SAYLOR IN SUPPORT OF MOTION TO PROCEED USING FICTITIOUS NAMES

Date: 5-15-12 Time: 11305 Dept. 51

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DFEH v. Law School Admission Council, Inc. (Whitney et al.)
Declaration of Susan Saylor in Support of Motion to Proceed Using Fictitious Names

OURT PAPER

1, Susan Saylor, hereby declare:

- I am an attorney at law duly licensed to practice before all the courts of the State of
 California, and employed as Special Projects Counsel by plaintiff, the Department of Fair
 Employment and Housing (DFEH). I have personal knowledge of the above-captioned case, and if
 called upon to testify, I could do so competently.
- 2. The DFEH issued its accusation before the Fair Employment and Housing Commission on February 6, 2012, and a First Amended Group and Class Accusation on February 17, 2012. After the Law School Admission Council, Inc. (LSAC) notified the DFEH of its desire to transfer the litigation to superior court, the DFEH contacted all of the real parties with the news. One real party in interest, identified here as Jane Doe, expressed concerns about having her name associated with the litigation once it moved into superior court.
- 3. Jane Doe has attention deficit disorder (ADD), for which she has received accommodations throughout her academic career. Ms. Doe is afraid that, if her real name is used, she will have more difficulty finding employment in the legal industry. The DFEH informed Ms. Doe that it might be possible to request that the court allow her to proceed under a fictitious name. Ms. Doe asked the Department to make such a request on her behalf.
- 4. After investigating the viability of using fictitious names, the DFEH offered each of its real parties in interest the opportunity to use a pseudonym. One other real party, named here as John Doe, also asked to proceed anonymously.
- 5. Like Jane Doe, John Doe has ADD and a history of accommodations. He sought accommodation on the LSAT due to his ADD and also because of a recent and severe illness from which he is still recovering. Mr. Doe wants this information to remain private. He also fears that his future career will be negatively impacted if this information is released.
- 6. Peter Roe likewise has learning disorders for which he requested accommodations on the LSAT. Mr. Roe is currently attending law school in spite of being denied accommodations on the LSAT, and he wants to retain his privacy rights concerning his diagnosis because of the social stigma attached that cognitive impairments carry. He is also worried about the impact that the release

of this information would have on his legal career. Mr. Roe has submitted a declaration of his own requesting to proceed under a fictitious name. I have redacted his signature, which reveals is true name. I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed on this 15 day of March, 2012, at Fremont, California. -3-DFEH v. Law School Admission Council, Inc. (Whitney et al.)

Declaration of Susan Saylor in Support of Motion to Proceed Using Fictitious Names

ALAMEDA COUNTY

MAR I 5 2012

NELSON CHAN (#109272)
Chief Counsel
SUSAN SAYLOR (#154592)
Special Projects Counsel

DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT

AND HOUSING

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39141 Civic Center Drive, Suite 410

Fremont, CA 94538

Telephone: (510) 789-1031

Attorneys for the DFEH

[Filing fee exempt, Gov. Code, § 6103]

BY FAX

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA

THE DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT)
AND HOUSING, an agency of the State of
California,

Plaintiff.)

VS.

LAW SCHOOL ADMISSION COUNCIL, INC., a Delaware tax exempt corporation, and DOES ONE through TEN, inclusive,

Defendants.

JOHN DOE, JANE DOE, PETER ROE,
RAYMOND BANKS, KEVIN COLLINS,
RODNEY DECOMO-SCHMITT, ANDREW
GROSSMAN, ELIZABETH HENNESSEYSEVERSON, OTILIA JOAN, ALEX JOHNSON,
NICHOLAS JONES, CAROLINE LEE,
ANDREW QUAN, STEPHEN SEMOS,
GAZELLE TALESHPOUR, KEVIN
VIELBAUM, AUSTIN WHITNEY, and all other
similarly situated individuals,

Real Parties in Interest.

Case 11/2 12621479

DECLARATION OF PETER ROE IN SUPPORT OF MOTION TO PROCEED USING FICTITIOUS NAMES

Date: 5-15-12 Time: 10308 Dept. 21

OURT PAPER tute of California Id. 113 Rev. 3-85

DFEH v. Law School Admission Council, Inc. (Whitney)

Doe Declaration in Support of Motion to Proceed Using Fictitious Names

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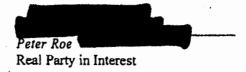
DURT PAPER

I, Peter Roe, hereby declare:

- I am a full time law student and a real party in interest in this lawsuit against the Law School Admission Council, Inc. (LSAC). I have personal knowledge of the above-captioned case, and if called upon to testify, I could do so competently.
 - 2. I am 29 years old.
- I have diagnosed with attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD), a learning disability, for which I requested reasonable accommodations on the LSAT.
- 4. I believe that LSAC has violated my rights as a person with a disability and I wish to participate in the lawsuit being handled by the DFEH as a real party in interest. However, I do not wish to reveal my true name.
- 5. I would like to retain my right to privacy in my diagnosis and related medical information because of the social stigma that cognitive impairments carry. I have a legitimate belief that public disclosure of these private facts will influence how I am perceived by others.
- 6. I am also afraid that, if my real name is used in the DFEH lawsuit, it will have a negative impact on my standing in the legal community because information about my disability diagnosis, despite its irrelevancy, would likely cause members of the legal profession and prospective clients to question my skills and abilities as an attorney.
 - 7. I would like to participate in this case using a fictitious name.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on this 14th day of March, 2012, at Maricopa County in the State of Arizona.



-2-



FILED ALAMEDA COUNTY

MAR 1 5 7012

Exec. USGo

NELSON CHAN (#109272) Chief Counsel **SUSAN SAYLOR (#154592)** Special Projects Counsel DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT AND HOUSING 39141 Civic Center Drive, Suite 410 Fremont, CA 94538 Telephone: (510) 789-1031

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Attorneys for the DFEH [Filing fee exempt, Gov. Code, § 6103]

BY FAX

12621479

DECLARATION OF JANE DOE IN

USING FICTITIOUS NAMES

SUPPORT OF MOTION TO PROCEED

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA

Time:

Dept.

THE DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT) AND HOUSING, an agency of the State of California,

VS.

Plaintiff.)

LAW SCHOOL ADMISSION COUNCIL, INC., a Delaware tax exempt corporation, and DOES ONE through TEN, inclusive,

Defendants.)

JOHN DOE, JANE DOE, PETER ROE, RAYMOND BANKS, KEVIN COLLINS, RODNEY DECOMO-SCHMITT, ANDREW GROSSMAN, ELIZABETH HENNESSEY-SEVERSON, OTILIA IOAN, ALEX JOHNSON,) NICHOLAS JONES, CAROLINE LEE, ANDREW QUAN, STEPHEN SEMOS, GAZELLE TALESHPOUR, KEVIN VIELBAUM, AUSTIN WHITNEY, and all other) similarly situated individuals,

Real Parties in Interest.)

I, Jane Doe, hereby declare:

-1-

. DFEH v. Law School Admission Council, Inc. (Whitney) Doe Declaration in Support of Motion to Proceed Using Fictitious Names

1. I am a law student and a real party in interest in this lawsuit against the Law School Admission Council, Inc. (LSAC). I have personal knowledge of the above-captioned case, and if called upon to testify, I could do so competently.

- 2. I am 28 years old.
- 3. I have been diagnosed with attention deficit disorder (ADD), a learning disability, for which I requested reasonable accommodations on the LSAT.
- 4. I believe that LSAC has violated my rights as a person with a disability and I wish to participate in the lawsuit being handled by the DFEH as a real party in interest. However, I do not wish to reveal my true name.
- 5. I would like to retain my right to privacy in my diagnosis and related medical information because, if made public, I believe that my ability to secure employment in a corporate law environment will be severely limited. I have reason to believe that a corporate law firm would find the existence of a learning disability in a prospective applicant to be a disqualifying factor.
- 6. I am also afraid that, if my real name is used in the DFEH lawsuit, it will have a negative impact on my career because I believe that the legal profession is one that is generally not sympathetic to those with disabilities, apparent or not. The firms to which I am applying are extremely competitive and would likely view my disability as a reason to disqualify my candidacy.
 - 7. I would like to participate in this case using a fictitious name.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on this 14th day of March, 2012, in New York County in the State of New York.

Jane Doe
Real Party in In

Real Party in Interest

Case3:12-cv-01830-EMC Document1 Filed04/12/12 Page107 of 125

Department of Fair Employment And Housing Attn: Saylor, Susan		٦	Law School Admission Council, Inc.	7
L	39141 Civic Center Dr. Ste 410	٦	L	٦
	Fremont, CA 94538		-	
	~		rnia, County of Alameda eda County Courthouse	
The Department of Fair Employ Plaintiff/Petitioner(s) VS.			No. <u>RG12621479</u>	
	Law School Admission Counci Defendant/Res	nondent(s)	NOTICE OF HEARING	
	(Abhraviated Title)	,	•	

To each party or to the attorney(s) of record for each party herein:

Notice is hereby given that the above-entitled action has been set for:

Complex Determination Hearing Case Management Conference

You are hereby notified to appear at the following Court location on the date and time noted below:

Complex Determination Hearing:

DATE: 04/17/2012 TIME: 08:45 AM DEPARTMENT: 21

LOCATION: Administration Building, Fourth Floor

1221 Oak Street, Oakland

Case Management Conference:

DATE: 05/17/2012 TIME: 08:30 AM DEPARTMENT: 21

LOCATION: Administration Building, Fourth Floor

1221 Oak Street, Oakland

Pursuant to California Rules of Court, Rule 3.400 et seq. and Local Rule 3.250 (Unified Rules of the Superior Court, County of Alameda), the above-entitled matter is set for a Complex Litigation Determination Hearing and Initial Complex Case Management Conference.

Department 21 issues tentative rulings on DomainWeb (www.alameda.courts.ca.gov/domainweb). For parties lacking access to DomainWeb, the tentative ruling must be obtained from the clerk at (510) 267-6937. Please consult Rule 3.30(c) of the Unified Rules of the Superior Court, County of Alameda, concerning the tentative ruling procedures for Department 21.

Counsel or party requesting complex litigation designation is ordered to serve a copy of this notice on all parties omitted from this notice or brought into the action after this notice was mailed.

All counsel of record and any unrepresented parties are ordered to attend this Initial Complex Case Management Conference unless otherwise notified by the Court.

Failure to appear, comply with local rules or provide a Case Management Conference statement may result in sanctions. Case Management Statements may be filed by E-Delivery, by emailing them to the following address:

Sour Rulest s

Case3:12-cv-01830-EMC Document1 Filed04/12/12 Page108 of 125

EDelivery@alameda.courts.ca.gov. No fee is charged for this service. For further information, go to Direct Calendar Departments at http://apps.alameda.courts.ca.gov/domainweb.

All motions in this matter to be heard prior to Complex Litigation Determination Hearing must be scheduled for hearing in Department 21.

If the information contained in this notice requires change or clarification, please contact the courtroom clerk for Department 21 by e-mail at Dept.21@alameda.courts.ca.gov or by phone at (510) 267-6937.

TELEPHONIC COURT APPEARANCES at Case Management Conferences may be available by contacting CourtCall, an independent vendor, at least 3 business days prior to the scheduled conference. Parties can make arrangements by calling (888) 882-6878, or faxing a service request form to (888) 883-2946. This service is subject to charges by the vendor.

Dated: 03/16/2012

Executive Officer / Clerk of the Superior Court

Ву

mally Johnson

Deputy Clerk

CLERK'S CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

I certify that the following is true and correct: I am the clerk of the above-named court and not a party to this cause. I served this Notice by placing copies in envelopes addressed as shown hereon and then by sealing and placing them for collection, stamping or metering with prepaid postage, and mailing on the date stated below, in the United States mail at Alameda County, California, following standard court practices.

Executed on 03/16/2012.

Ву

Melly Johnson

Deputy Clerk

TR - Motion Granted

This Tentative Ruling is issued by Judge Wynne Carvill. The Court designates this case as complex pursuant to Rule 3.400 et seq. of the California Rules of Court. The matter is assigned for all purposes including trial to Department 21 of the Alameda County Superior Court. Counsel are advised to be familiar with the Alameda County Local Rules concerning complex litigation, including Rule 3.250 et seq.

COMPLEX CASE FEES Pursuant to Government Code section 70616, any non-exempt party who has appeared in the action but has not paid the complex case fee is required to pay the fee within ten days of the filing of this order. The complex case fee is \$550 for each plaintiff or group of plaintiffs appearing together up to a maximum of \$10,000 for all plaintiffs, and \$550 PER PARTY for each defendant, intervenor, respondent or other adverse party, whether filing separately or jointly, up to a maximum of \$10,000 for all adverse parties. All payments must identify on whose behalf the fee is submitted. Please submit payment to the attention of the Complex Litigation Clerk located in the Civil Division at the René C. Davidson Courthouse, 1225 Fallon Street, Oakland, CA 94612. Please make check(s) payable to the Clerk of the Superior Court.

Documents may continue to be filed as allowed under Local Rule 1.9.

PROCEDURES Calendar information, filings, and tentative rulings are available to the public at http://www.alameda.courts.ca.gov/domainweb/. All counsel are expected to be familiar and to comply with pertinent provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure, the California Rules of Court, the Alameda County Superior Court Local Rules, and the protocols set forth on the Court's website for Department 21. All motions and ex parte applications shall be noticed for hearing in Department 21. The parties shall reserve hearing dates and times by contacting the Department 21 courtroom clerk via email at Dept.21@alameda.courts.ca.gov. The courtroom clerk can also be contacted by phone at (510) 267-6937, but phone contact should be used very sparingly. E-mail is the preferred method of communication.

Courtesy (bench) copies of all filings should be delivered directly to Dept. 21 and may be left in the drop box when court is in session. The Court may also direct that certain filings be supplemented by an electronic copy (via e-mail to Dept.21@alameda.courts.ca.gov or by CD-ROM lodged with the clerk in Dept. 21). Any such electronic copy of documents shall be in Microsoft Word readable form (Microsoft Word, Word Perfect, a TIF or JPEG file inserted into a Word file, or any other format that can be saved in a Microsoft Word document). Each separate document (notice, points and authorities, declarations, requests for judicial notice, et al) must be in a separate file in the diskette and the computer files must be identified in a fashion to permit accurate identification by Court personnel (e.g. "Notice.doc," "Points and Authorities.doc," "Li Declaration.doc," "Johnson Declaration.doc," and "Proof of Service.doc," NOT "Quashnot.doc," "briefdraft3.doc," "Defdecl.doc," "Decl2revised.doc," or "Form5.doc.") Electronic media submitted will not be returned.

CASE MANAGEMENT At the Initial CCMC, the parties must be prepared to discuss at length the nature of the case, both factually and legally, as well as the projected management

of the case at each stage. This is not a perfunctory exercise. The primary objective of the CCMC is to develop a comprehensive plan for a just, speedy and economical determination of the litigation. Case Management Statements may be filed by E-Delivery, by emailing them to the following address: EDelivery@alameda.courts.ca.gov. No fee is charged for this service. For further information, go to Direct Calendar Departments at http://apps.alameda.courts.ca.gov/domainweb. However, courtesy copies of statements must be delivered directly to Dept. 21. The filing and delivery date is not later than five court days before the conference.

The Court strongly prefers joint CCMC statements prepared in narrative form, and not using Form CM-110, after counsel have met and conferred as required by CRC 3.724. CCMC statements must address the following issues when applicable:

- A. A brief factual summary to assist the Court in understanding the background of the case, a statement of the issues presented, including each theory of liability and defense and a summary of the facts supporting each position taken, and the relief sought, including an estimate of damages.
- B. The number of parties and their posture, including a proposed structure of representation, (e.g., liaison/lead counsel or by committee) if applicable;
- C. Deadlines and limits on joinder of parties and amended or additional pleadings;
- D. Class discovery and class certification;
- E. A proposed schedule for the conduct of the litigation including, but not limited to, a discovery plan, a plan for hearing remaining law and motion, and a projected trial date;
- F. An identification of all potential evidentiary issues involving confidentiality or protected evidence;
- G. A detailed description of the procedural posture of the case, describing any outstanding procedural problems, including, but not limited to:
- (1) unserved parties and the reasons for the failure to serve;
- (2) unserved and/or unfiled cross-complaints;
- (3) related actions pending in any jurisdiction and the potential for coordination or consolidation;
- (4) any possible jurisdictional or venue issues that may arise;
- (5) the status of discovery, including a description of all anticipated discovery and incomplete or disputed discovery issues;
- (6) unresolved law and motion matters;
- (7) requests for, or opposition to, any ADR proceedings, including but not limited to mediation, judicial or contractual arbitration;
- (8) severance of issues for trial; and
- (9) calendar conflicts for any attorney, witness, or party, and any other matter which may affect the setting of a trial date.
- H. Counsel may make suggestions for streamlining the litigation, including, but not limited to, a master file system, designation of lead counsel [for plaintiff(s) and/or defendant(s)] to streamline service of process and/or management of discovery, the use of e-filing, and the use of a web-page maintained by lead counsel for the purpose of posting the litigation schedule and agenda.

SERVICE OF THIS ORDER Counsel for plaintiff(s) shall have a continuing obligation to serve a copy of this order on newly joined parties defendant not listed on the proof of service of this order and file proof of service. Each party defendant joining any third party

cross-defendant shall have a continuing duty to serve a copy of this order on newly joined cross-defendants and to file proof of service.

- 1		
1	NELSON CHAN (#109272)	
2	Chief Counsel SUSAN SAYLOR (#154592)	
3	Special Projects Counsel DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT	
	AND HOUSING	
4	39141 Civic Center Drive, Suite 410 Fremont, CA 94538	
5	Telephone: (510) 789-1031	
6	Attorneys for the DFEH	
7	[Filing fee exempt, Gov. Code, § 6103]	
8	IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
9	IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA	
10		
11	THE DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT) AND HOUSING, an agency of the State of	Case No. RG12621479
12	California,	DECT AD ATTION OF TOTAL DOE DI
13	Plaintiff,)	DECLARATION OF JOHN DOE IN SUPPORT OF MOTION TO PROCEED
14	vs.	USING FICTITIOUS NAMES
15	LAW SCHOOL ADMISSION COUNCIL, INC.,	•
1	a Delaware tax exempt corporation, and DOES	•
16	ONE through TEN, inclusive,	Date: May 15, 2012
17	Defendants.)	Time: 10:30 am Dept. 31, Hon. Evelio Grillo presiding
18	TOTAL POR LAND DOR DETER DOE	Topis Di, Lion Divisio Cimo prosiema
19	JOHN DOE, JANE DOE, PETER ROE, RAYMOND BANKS, KEVIN COLLINS,	
20	RODNEY DECOMO-SCHMITT, ANDREW) GROSSMAN, ELIZABETH HENNESSEY-)	
	SEVERSON, OTILIA IOAN, ALEX JOHNSON,)	·
21	NICHOLAS JONES, CAROLINE LEE, ANDREW QUAN, STEPHEN SEMOS,)	
22	GAZELLE TALESHPOUR, KEVIN VIELBAUM, AUSTIN WHITNEY, and all other)	
23	similarly situated individuals,	
24	Real Parties in Interest.)	
25		
26	I, John Doe, hereby declare:	
27		•

NELSON CHAN (#109272) 1 Chief Counsel SUSAN SAYLOR (#154592) 2 Special Projects Counsel DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT 3 AND HOUSING 39141 Civic Center Drive, Suite 410 Fremont, CA 94538 Telephone: (510) 789-1031 5 Attorneys for the DFEH 6 [Filing fee exempt, Gov. Code, § 6103] 7 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 8 IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA 9 10 THE DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT) Case No. RG12621479 11 AND HOUSING, an agency of the State of California, 12 DECLARATION OF JOHN DOE IN Plaintiff.) SUPPORT OF MOTION TO PROCEED 13 USING FICTITIOUS NAMES 14 LAW SCHOOL ADMISSION COUNCIL, INC., 15 a Delaware tax exempt corporation, and DOES ONE through TEN, inclusive, 16 Date: May 15, 2012 Defendants.) Time: 10:30 am 17 Dept. 31, Hon. Evelio Grillo presiding 18 JOHN DOE, JANE DOE, PETER ROE, RAYMOND BANKS, KEVIN COLLINS 19 RODNEY DECOMO-SCHMITT, ANDREW GROSSMAN, ELIZABETH HENNESSEY-20 SEVERSON, OTILIA IOAN, ALEX JOHNSON, NICHOLAS JONES, CAROLINE LEE, 21 ANDREW QUAN, STEPHEN SEMOS, GAZELLE TALESHPOUR, KEVIN VIELBAUM, AUSTIN WHITNEY, and all other 23 similarly situated individuals, Real Parties in Interest.) 24 25 26 I. John Doe, hereby declare: -1-



COURT PAPER State of California Std. 113 Rev. 3-85 FEEH Automated

- I am an applicant to law school and a real party in interest in this lawsuit against the Law School Admission Council, Inc. (LSAT). I have personal knowledge of the above-captioned case, and if called upon to testify, I could do so competently.
 - 2. I am 25 years old.
- 3. I have ADD, as well as encephalopathy from a bacterial infection which required approximately two month of hospitalization and a medically-induced coma for several weeks. During this illness, I suffered from a severe brain edema which left me with residual neurological impairments, for which I requested reasonable accommodations on the LSAT.
- 4. I believe that LSAC has violated my rights as a person with a disability and I wish to participate in the lawsuit being handled by the DFEH as a real party in interest. However, I do not wish to reveal my true name.
- 5. I would like to retain my right to privacy in my medical condition because of its highly personal and sensitive nature. Because of the judgment I have already faced for my traumatic brain injury and my potentially life-long residual impairments, I am concerned about becoming permanently labeled as "disabled." I miraculously survived LeMierre's Syndrome, a rare bacterial infection of which I was the 137th documented case since 1936. It has an 8 percent survival rate; thus only around 11 people have survived it. Of these few, most end up in a fully compromised state with significant organ failures, including the kidneys, lungs, pancreas, heart and brain. Despite being considered "two hours away" from death before my "last resort" thoracic surgery, I have recovered astonishingly well. However, because of the severity of this illness and the societal stigma associated with it, I want to avoid any possibility of being mistaken as a "vegetable" by the world. I do not want to be ostracized by society due to the unfortunate events that have occurred.
- 6. I am also afraid that, if my real name is used in the DFEH lawsuit, it will have a negative impact on my career. I have already struggled with having to explain the gap in my resume to potential employers who are deterred from considering me when I describe the critical condition I was in and the extensive recovery period it took to heal. As a result, I am sensitive to having been critically ill, and am fearful that it will prejudice me later by future employers who recognize my

involvement in this lawsuit. Furthermore, I know I can continue to outperform others when given a fair opportunity.

7. I would like to participate in this case using a fictitious name.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

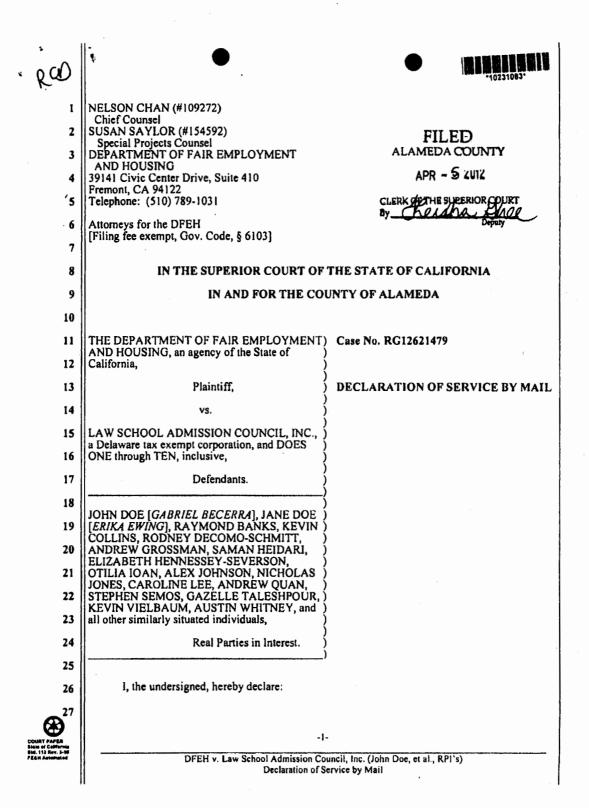
Executed on this 29 day of March, 2012, at San Diego, California.



Real Party in Interest

27

COURT PAPER
State of Collimnia
Std. 113 Rev. 3-95
FEELH Automated



I am over eighteen years of age and not a party to the within cause. My business and mailing 1 2 address is 39141 Civic Center Drive, Suite 410, Fremont, California 94538. On April 4, 2012, I served a copy of the attached DECLARATION OF JOHN DOE IN 3 SUPPORT OF MOTION TO PROCEED USING FICTITIIOUS NAMES, in the case of DFEH 4 v. LAW SCHOOL ADMISSION COUNCIL, INC., et al. (John Doe, et al., RPI's), Alameda County 5 6 Superior Court Case No. RG12621479, on each of the following by placing the same in an envelope 7 (or envelopes) addressed (respectively) as follows: Julie Capell Attorney for Defendants 8 Fulbright & Jaworski LLP 9 555 S. Flower Street, 41st Floor Los Angeles, CA 90071 10 Each said envelope was then on said date sealed and deposited in the United States mail in 11 Fremont, Alameda County, California, the county in which I am employed, with mail postage 12 thereon fully prepaid. 13 I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing 14 is true and correct. 15 Executed on April 4, 2012, at Fremont, California. 16 17 Janet Ellenberg 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 -2-DFEH v. Law School Admission Council, Inc. (John Doe, et al., RPI's) Declaration of Service by Mail

NELSON CHAN (#109272) Chief Counsel **SUSAN SAYLOR (#154592)** 2 Special Projects Counsel
DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT
AND HOUSING 39141 Civic Center Drive, Suite 410 Fremont, CA 94538 Telephone: (510) 789-1031 5 Attorneys for the DFEH [Filing fee exempt, Gov. Code, § 6103] 7 8 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 9 IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA 10 THE DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT) 11 Case No. RG12621479 AND HOUSING, an agency of the State of California, DECLARATION OF JOHN DOE IN Plaintiff.) SUPPORT OF MOTION TO PROCEED 13 **USING FICTITIOUS NAMES** 14 LAW SCHOOL ADMISSION COUNCIL, INC., 15 a Delaware tax exempt corporation, and DOES ONE through TEN, inclusive, 16 Date: May 15, 2012 Defendants.) 17 Time: 10:30 am Dept. 31, Hon. Evelio Grillo presiding 18 JOHN DOE, JANE DOE, PETER ROE, RAYMOND BANKS, KEVIN COLLINS, RODNEY DECOMO-SCHMITT, ANDREW GROSSMAN, ELIZABETH HENNESSEY-19 20 SEVERSON, OTILIA IOAN, ALEX JOHNSON, NICHOLAS JONES, CAROLINE LEE, ANDREW QUAN, STEPHEN SEMOS, GAZELLE TALESHPOUR, KEVIN 21 22 VIELBAUM, AUSTIN WHITNEY, and all other 23 similarly situated individuals, Real Parties in Interest. 24 25 26 I, John Doe, hereby declare: 27 ٠١-DFEH v. Law School Admission Council, Inc. (Whitney) Doe Declaration in Support of Motion to Proceed Using Fictitious Names

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COUNT PAPER Bloom of Collisions Sed. 113 Rev. 1-46 FEEH Automoted

- I am an applicant to law school and a real party in interest in this lawsuit against the Law School Admission Council, Inc. (LSAT). I have personal knowledge of the above-captioned case, and if called upon to testify, I could do so competently.
 - 2. l am 25 years old.
- 3. I have ADD, as well as encephalopathy from a bacterial infection which required approximately two month of hospitalization and a medically-induced coma for several weeks. During this illness, I suffered from a severe brain edema which left me with residual neurological impairments, for which I requested reasonable accommodations on the LSAT.
- 4. I believe that LSAC has violated my rights as a person with a disability and I wish to participate in the lawsuit being handled by the DFEH as a real party in interest. However, I do not wish to reveal my true name.
- 5. I would like to retain my right to privacy in my medical condition because of its highly personal and sensitive nature. Because of the judgment I have already faced for my traumatic brain injury and my potentially life-long residual impairments, I am concerned about becoming permanently labeled as "disabled." I miraculously survived LeMierre's Syndrome, a rare bacterial infection of which I was the 137th documented case since 1936. It has an 8 percent survival rate; thus only around 11 people have survived it. Of these few, most end up in a fully compromised state with significant organ failures, including the kidneys, lungs, pancreas, heart and brain. Despite being considered "two hours away" from death before my "last resort" thoracic surgery, I have recovered astonishingly well. However, because of the severity of this illness and the societal stigma associated with it, I want to avoid any possibility of being mistaken as a "vegetable" by the world. I do not want to be ostracized by society due to the unfortunate events that have occurred.
- 6. I am also afraid that, if my real name is used in the DFEH lawsuit, it will have a negative impact on my career. I have already struggled with having to explain the gap in my resume to potential employers who are deterred from considering me when I describe the critical condition I was in and the extensive recovery period it took to heal. As a result, I am sensitive to having been critically ill, and am fearful that it will prejudice me later by future employers who recognize my

-2-

involvement in this lawsuit. Furthermore, I know I can continue to outperform others when given a fair opportunity. I would like to participate in this case using a fictitious name. I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed on this 29 day of March, 2012, at San Diego, California. John Doe Real Party in Interest DFEH v. Law School Admission Council, Inc. (Whitney)

Doc Declaration in Support of Motion to Proceed Using Fictitious Names

	POS-01		
ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, State Bar number, and address): Susan Saylor (#154592) Department of Fair Employment and Housing 39141 Civic Center Drive, Suite 410 Fremont, CA 94538	FOR COURT USE ONLY		
TELEPHONE NO: (510) 622-2941 FAX NO. (Optional):			
ATTORNEY FOR (Norme): Plaintiff, Dept. of Fair Employme			
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF ALAMEDA STREET ADDRESS: 1225 Fallon Street MAILING ADDRESS:			
CITY AND ZIP COOE: Oakland, CA 94512 BRANCH NAME:			
PLAINTIFF/PETITIONER: Department of Fair Employn	nent and Housing		
DEFENDANT/RESPONDENT: Law School Admission Cou	ıncil, Inc.		
NOTICE AND ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF R	ECEIPT—CIVIL CASE NUMBER: RG12621479		
TO (Insert name of party being served): Law School Admiss	ion Council, Inc.		
N	OTICE		
The summons and other documents identified below are being served pursuant to section 415.30 of the California Code of Civil Procedure. Your failure to complete this form and return it within 20 days from the date of mailing shown below may subject you (or the party on whose behalf you are being served) to liability for the payment of any expenses incurred in serving a summons on you in any other manner permitted by law.			
Tom must be signed by you in the name of such entity or by a	porated association (including a partnership), or other entity, this person authorized to receive service of process on behalf of such conally or by a person authorized by you to acknowledge receipt of immons is deemed complete on the day you sign the		
Date of mailing: March 22, 2012	Λ. Ξ		
Iva Townsel	► Varkacrosel		
(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)	(SIGNATURE OF SENDER-MUST NOT BE A PARTY IN THIS CASE)		
	MENT OF RECEIPT		
This acknowledges receipt of (to be completed by sender before mailing): 1. A copy of the summons and of the complaint. 2. Other (specify):			
Notice of Motion and Motion to Proceed Using Fictitious Names; Memorandum of Points and			
Authorities in Support of Motion; Declaration of Susan Saylor in Support of Motion; Declaration of Peter Roe in Support of Motion; Declaration of Jane Doe in Support of Motion; and Alternative			
Dispute Resolution (ADR) Information Packet (To be completed by recipient):			
Date this form is signed: 4/5/2012			
Tyle Capell Atlantay for Law (TYPE OR PRINT YOUR NAME AND NAME OF ENTITY, IF ANY, ON WHOSE BEHALF THIS FORMUS SIGNED)	(SIGNATURE OF PERSON ACKNOWLEDGING RECEIPT, WITH TITLE IF ANKNOWLEDGING IN THE PERSON OR ENTITY)		
council, Inc.	Page 1 of 1		
	DGMENT OF RECEIPT CIVIL Code of Chill Procedure, §§ 416.30, 417.10		
POS-015 [Rev. January 1, 2005]	www.courlinfo.ce.go		